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# Jawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY. 48SUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

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# As Detailed by Yokohama and New York Papers.

Interesting Reading About the Owner of the Yacht Norna-His Past and Present.

The following is printed verbatim from the Japan Daily Herald's Mail Summary of August 22, 1899, under the following headings:

TWO MEN, A LADY AND A YACHT. The Instructive Story of a Clever Trio. MR. WEAVER'S ADVENTUROUS CAREER.

"Given a good address, social adaptability, plenty of assurance and a fer-tile imagination, it is not difficult for a perfect stranger to live in Yokohama for a few months at a stretch on the interest of what a home paper recently described as a lead pencil, and we might add a few strips of pasteboard. If we were addicted to the use of slang. we should feel inclined to say that it some respects our little community is dead easy'; in other words, that it dead easy; in other words, that it displays a guileless faith in human nature—imported—highly creditable to its heart if not to its head. This opinion, we feel certain, must be shared by Mr. W. J. Weaver, owner of the handsome American schooner-yacht Norna, which recently visited these smiling shores, and for a season, all too brief, as some now think, pleasantly disturbed the monotony of living antly disturbed the monotony of living in the ranks of our local upper ten. Mr. Weaver's popularity was shared in no small degree by his friend, Mr. Perce-val, a well-groomed Englishman, of reputed wealth, and by Mrs. Perceval, a French lady of remarkable fascination. Mr. Weaver, Mr. and Mrs. Perceval ar-rived here on June 10th by the S. S. Kobe Maru from Shanghai via ports, and on the 26th of the same month the graceful yacht Norna followed from Hongkong, duly consigned to her owner, Mr. Weaver. The latter, in addi-tion to his many other claims to social distinction, gave himself out to the Commodore of the New York Yacht Club, and it is therefore not surprising that the rank and fashion of our port opened wide their arms, metaphorical-

"Mr. Weaver's social radiance flected many of its rays upon Mr. and Mrs. Perceval, who, moreover, were by no means content to play second fiddle to the 'Commodore.' Mr. Perceval knew a thing or two; so did his wife. Mr. Perceval was a 'good fellow' in his own right; he could sample a cocktail with the most seasoned American; pass each other without even a nod AND COMMISSION he could bear himself without flinching of recognition, though at other time at the poker table—a virtue shared by and places their friendship was quite Mr. Weaver—though some are so en-vious as to say that this calm fortifortune as to inherent stoicism. As for Mrs. Perceval, she was a lovely woman, and none knew better than a boundary with consistercy and determination when an opportunity offered, and, so we are informed, realized large profits. This world is always to the consistercy and determination when an opportunity offered, and, so we are informed, realized large Mrs. Perceval, she was a lovely wom-an, and none knew better than she how of success, and it naturally came to to preside, audaciously decollete, with true Gallic vivacity and esprit at those delightful entertainments which were ocasionally given to a favored few at the Grand Hotel. Moreover, those who have enjoyed the privilege of thus basking in Mrs. Perceval's prolific smiles on these occasions can hardly find the heart to regret the chips placed to their debit during the quiet poker parties which, as often as not, were subsequently indulged in between Mr. Weaver, Mr. Perceval and their intimate friends. Poker, we should say, was the principal diversion—we will not say business—of Messrs. Weaver and Perceval, and of their skill in this popular game we may very well leave others to speak who have had practical experience thereof.

y speaking, and bade him welcome to

their midst.

"In due course, and not so very long after his arrival, Mr. Weaver was put up at the club by two well-known American residents. Here his expansive urbanity and the facility with which he signed his chits on the slightest provocation, soon made him a welcome visitor. On his part, also, the genial Mr. Weaver threw open his yacht to his Yokohama friends, and treated them on several occasions to tasteful entertainments on board upon a scale of great lavishness. Still a made many friends. they particular as to the limit; with or without, they were equally complaisant. This sort of thing continued uninterruptedly until the 5th instant, when, to the consternation of Mr. Weaver's guarantors, it was seen that the dainty little Norna no longer rode at annual to the said to offered Rudyard Mr. Weaver and the scheme, he said he offered Rudyard Mr. Weaver and the scheme, he said he offered Rudyard Mr. Weaver and the scheme, he said he offered Rudyard Mr. Weaver and the scheme, he said he offered Rudyard Mr. Weaver and the scheme, he said he offered Rudyard Mr. Weaver and the scheme and tribes and unvisited countries and tribes, and unvisited countries and tribes and unvisited countries and tribes.

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effect of heightening public interest in Mr. Weaver and his antecedents, espesented to his guarantors for payment Mr. Perceval then began to grow com municative and informed certain pa ties that when he was at Singapore with Mr. Weaver, he had given the latter a bottomry bond on the yacht for £555, which was duly executed by a prominent firm of lawyers at that place. Mr. Perceval, however, was not

in possession of the ship's papers, as he should have been. The law pro-vides that the last bottomry bond has precedence over all others. "Under ordinary circumstances, Mr. Perceval ought to have received his Perceval ought to have received his money here. In fact, on the evening of the 4th August, Mr. Weaver as overheard to ask Mr. Perceval to 70 to the United States Consulate the next morning, when he would receive his money, but when Mr. Perceval did so, the Norna, with her owner, had been gone some hours before. Mr. and Mrs. Perceval had been traveling around the world with cash in hand instead of a letter of credit, and at this stage found. letter of credit, and at this stage found themselves at the end of their pecu-niary resources. Mr. Perceval there-upon applied to the Chartered Bank to upon applied to the Chartered Bank to cable to his London bankers, the London and Westminster Bank, to guarantee his check here, but an answer was received saying that though Perceval had ample resources they could not guarantee his check. Mr. Perceval again cabled through the Charterel Bank, asking them to remit £200 b

Bank, asking them to remit £200 by wife, to which a reply was received: 'Cannot remit on wire. Will do so inmediately on receipt of letter.'

"To have sent a letter would have taken fully five weeks, an interview much too long for Mr. Perceval. The Chartered Bank then agreed to suvanthim £200 if he could get some say here to back his check. This Mr. Perceval tried to do, but without success. However, on the evening of the 15th instant he obtained a large sum from instant he obtained a large sum from some accommodating globe-trotter on the security of Mrs. Perceval's very valuable jewelry. The following afternoon, without any previous intimation, Mr. and Mrs. Perceval suddenly left by the S. S. Nippon Maru, for San Francisco via Honolulu. Their previous internation of the security of the secu by the S. S. Nippon Maru, for san Francisco via Hopolulu. Their rames did not appear on the passenger list and they had not even time to say good-bye to their 'many friends.'
"Since the yacht Norna and her in-teresting owner left these too hospi-table shores, systematic enquiries have been set on foot blears assume.

have been set on foot to learn some-thing more about Mr. Weaver and Mr. and Mrs. Perceval. The fact has been clearly established that Mr. Weaver 26 not the commodore of the New York Yacht Club, seeing that to bona fide members of that lastitution who have recently visited Yokohama, his name is entirely unknown, and that Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan holds this title. It has also been ascertained that the Norna touched at most Eastern and Far Western ports during her trip around the world, and that by a remarkable coincidence, though Mr. and Mrs. Perceval did not travel on the yacht, all three were always to be found staying at the same place at the same

"Nevertheless they were not always on terms of intimacy; often erough Mr. Perceval and Mr. Weaver would pass that the exploits of Messrs. Weaver and Perceval in this direction excited hostility. Their censorious ene-mies, at Hongkong for example, said disagreeable things about them, and even went so far as to send an intimation to Nagasaki, which resulted in their exclusion from the local club during their brief stay at the Southern

"Yokohama proved more credulous and has had to bear the consequences "We are indebted to the New York Herald of as far back as March 16th for additional particulars of Mr. Wea ver's previous career, from which we take the following:

'Nicholas J. Weaver (or W. J., as he registered here) is not unknown to New York. He was born in Cleve-land, is highly connected and well educated. His picture is in the rogues gallery at Police Headquarters No

HIS VOYAGE OF EXPLORATION "'He figured most conspicuously here when, in the winter of 1895-96, he apold, polished in manner, expensively

poker atmosphere, if we may say so, pervaded everything in Messrs. Weaver and Perceval's vicinity, nor were ers and unvisited countries and tribes. anchor in the harbor, but had sailed Kipling \$12,000 a year to accompany on a cruise for an unknown destina-tion, at an extremely early hour, with was enthusiastic over the scheme but

tional publication, and to Boston newspaper Wea-tioned had no connection

Chatigued on Page Pour.)

with it.

# First Annual Account of the James I. Dowsett Estate.

# SALE OF THE HALAWA LEASEHOLD

outre late the Payment of Private

Henry Smith, as master, has filed his report on the first annual accounts of the Estate of James I. Dowsett, deceased, from which the following is taken:

In accordance with an order of reference made by you on the 13th instant, I herewith submit the following report on the first annual account of himself with the gross amount. This question is respectfully referred to the J. M. Dowsett, administrator of said estate, said account being filed on the 28th of July, 1899.

There are nine sheets of Schedule A (receipts), twenty sheets of Schedule B (payments) and 690 vouchers, all of which have been examined and checked. Although these schedules appear as one whole account, it is in reality several accounts put together, as will be seen hereafter. No summary hav-ing been filed with these schedules of account, much of the master's time was consumd in classifying and segregating the various items in order to be informed as to the true status of this large estate.

The administrator has charged him self with the total sum of \$115,146.6 and asks to be allowed the total sum of \$113,429.42, and shows a balance of \$1,716.62, as per Schedule C. These to tals are verified and found correct.

Cash	7,040	23
of the deceased	10,025	00
claims	4,260	18
bonds sold	1,485	00
order of the court	20,000	00
Furniture sold	495	00
Rebates on bills	10	75
Legal expenses and taxes		
returned	212	50
Interest returned	250	00
Rents and Oahu cattle		
ranches, gross	44,919	85
Maui cattle ranch, gross	6,785	
Salt, awa and firewood, gross	12,644	
Proceeds from schooners,		
gross	1,959	63
Honolulu Dairy acct., gross.	5,057	

Total	\$115,146	04
Payments summarized as		
lows:		
Household expenses	\$ 604	16
Medical, funeral and admin-		173
istration expenses		69
Taxes, water rates and le-		4050
gal expenses		55
Mortgages and other debts	61,628	
Allowances to D. Kahanu		80
Captain English's insurance		00
premium		45
Total paid the heirs	11,330	
Commissions charged in the		
account		20
Rents and Oahu cattle		44
ranches	18,794	08
Maui cattle ranch	2,053	
Expenses of schooners	1,176	
Honolulu Dairy acct	4,170	
Salt, awa and firewood	144	
Sait, awa and mewood	111	90
	SALES NO.	

Tctal .....\$113,429 42 Thus it will be seen that the above five accounts from cattle ranches to the administration account; they are

peared at the Waldorf. About 40 years ing to \$20,000, which with the surplus

As I have just intimated, I report that the administrator has not confined himself to strict administration mat-ters, for I find among his numerous payments a large number of private bills incurred by the members of the decedent's family which really have no place in an administration account. As the administration is likely to continue for an indefinite period, it is well that the heirs be informed that they should was enthusiastic over the scheme but the Mr. Weaver and a lady, who, however, has little to do with the story, Mr. and Mrs. Perceval remained behind.

"This eccentric departure had the season to go, and his room at the Waldorf was thronged with percons, who, it was said, had been ending the administrator cares to go, sind his eccentric departure had the season to go, and his room at the Waldorf was thronged with percons, who, it was said, had been ending the percons, who, it was said, had been ending the percons of the estate, and that they should pay their own private bills; on the other and, if the administrator cares to gaged this adventure. He disappeared in the Waldorf on February The Fuerfic Coast The Fuerfic Coast His health, he said, called for a to Florida. Then his advertise about them were it not for the fact that the distribution of the estate, and that they should pay their own private bills; on the other hand, if the administrator cares to gaged this adventure. He disappeared in the Waldorf on February Designs Furplished.

A. H. MacNutt,

Manufacturer of All Kinds of the service of the leave them were it not for the fact that the sons made enquiries about them were it not for the fact that the sons made enquiries about the service of the leave them were it not for the fact that the sons made enquiries about the sons and allowances to the leave. not encumber the administrator's dution or while he is settling the affairs of the estate, and that they should pay their own private bills; on the other hand, if the administrator cares to lighten his duties, he should refuse to pay them. These remarks may seem harsh, but I would not have used them were it not for the fact that the administrator is already making personal allowances to the heirs.

The estate, although valuable, is yet largely in debt and will continue so to be till the close of administration. As is well known, the late James I, Dow-

is well known, the late James I, Dowsett was a man who was engaged in

various business pursuits, as evidenced by the accounts. On the theory that these enterprises are still prosperous as they probably were during the lifetime of the intestate, so, I suppose, on that theory they are continued by the administrator. But, entertaining some doubt as to his authority so to do, I beg leave to propound a few questions touching the scope of his authorised duties. On the principle that an administrator's liabilities are limited to strict administration expenses, and strict administration expenses, and that, as I believe, he is not authorized to conduct what might turn out to be unprofitable or speculative undertak-ings, am I to understand that in this estate the administrator may continue to conduct those various enterprises formerly carried on by the intestate? Of course a complete answer to this question is the fact that the accounts show balances to the good, but who can tell what the result will be in the coming years? If the administrator's du-ties are limited, as I believe they are to strict administration, it would then appear that all of the expenditures incurred on behalf of those enterprises, and which are charged to the administrator, have had no place in his administration account. In other words, what I mean to get at is, that an administrator can only charge himself with what was actually earned in the carrying on of those pursuits, i. e., their net balances, instead of charging

Mr. George J. Campbell, manager of all the cattle ranches, informs the master that the income from ranch ac-count will decrease after the Miklina leases expire, which will be within the next two years. This property is said to be the best the estate has had, most

all fat cattle coming from there. On the basis of the past year's ordinary income and without any unusual realization like that of the Halawa leasehold interest, which was sold, I am given to understand that it will take not less than three years more to discharge the debts which now are as follows: A balance of \$5,000 to the Bishop Museum Trust and a \$50,000 mortgage to Messrs. Bishop & Co.

mortgage to Messrs. Bishop & Co.
Of the claims paid by the administrator one was presented by C. K. A-l, who was a clerk of the late intestate, for the sum of \$1,496.68 for 2½ years services from January 1, 1896. This claim is made out in bill form, and is unaccompanied by any writing or evidence of debt from the deceased. It was paid as originally claimed. Perhaps the wisdom of the settlement of this claim will be better appreciated by it is considered that the administrator has thereby escaped the annoyance of what might have been a vexatious lawsuit and the cost of a contest. Still, suit and the cost of a contest. Still, might there not have been a compromised basis of settlement of that claim from the original amount, seeing that the claimant, also, is saved not only the expenses of litigation but also delay which surely would have accrued

Another claim paid, Voucher 180, was a personal note of A. C. Dowsett. amounting, with interest, to \$1,926, the note was endorsed by the decedent. Why this claim was assumed by the administrator is not clear from the ac-count, unless it is by way of an ad-vance to the obligor, who is one of the

Voucher 345 for \$750.—This was for medical attendance upon Mrs. Parish, who is also one of the heirs. The claim recites that the bill was approved by the decedent, and, I suppose, by that it is meant to discharge it as an estate

Of all the doctors' bills the heaviest medical-attendance claim was one pre sented by Dr. J. H. Raymond for \$1,-164. Voucher 147. In it he recites, among other things, "Fee for J. Eckardt"; but when 1 came to check Voucher 197 there is also a \$25 fee charged, presumably, for the same Mr. Eckardt, the bill being receipted by him. Can it be possible that this fee has been duplicated and paid twice? A. C. Dowsett, in charge of Lellehua

ranch, has been paid the total sum of \$2,933.33. How much of this is towards his salary and how much as an advance to him as an heir is yet to be explained. The same rule applies to salt, awa and firewood, have been in-corporated and are made as part of Rose ranch, on Maui. Total paid to them, \$1,412.79.

J. M. Monsarrat, as guardian of the not put there by way of settlement of two minor heirs now in school in the those accounts, but are simply contin- State of California, has received duruous or running accounts upon which ing the past year the total sum of \$1,995.60 for account of his two wards.

The columning accounts upon which ing the past year the total sum of \$1,995.60 for account of his two wards.

As all the totals paid the various

The only extraordinary receipt dur-ing the past year was that realized upon the Halawa leasehold, amounting to \$20,000, which with the surplus or net gains from the five above-enudressed, lavish with his money, he merated accounts enabled the admin- tributive share? Owing to the indefiistrator to pay off a goodly portion of the existing debts.

As I have just intimated, I report counts with the heirs, if he has not yet done so, because the day for a final distribution is a long ways off yet.

The allowance to D. Kahanu—total \$584.80—is probably a matter of agreement between the beneficiary and de-ceased. This can be explained at the

(Continued on Page 2)

# French Explorers Killed by Fierce Tuaregs.

Expedition Made a Gallant Defense but Was Annihilated by Overwhelming Odds.

TRIPOLI, Sept. 11 .- A courier who has arrived here reports that the French mission, headed by Fr. Foureau and Major Lami, has been ami-hilated. He says the mission was at-tacked by an immense body of Tuaregs, who, after suffering terrible loss, killed all the members of the mission by

force of arms.
On March 22 of this year a dispatch
was transmitted from Algiers to Paris was transmitted from Algiers to Paris that a party of Tuaregs had attacked a European expedition on its way to Air, in the Sahara, killing 100 mem and capturing a part of the caravam. It was said that the expedition attacked must have been the Foureau-Lami expedition, but on March 23 official dispatches reached Paris from Biskara, 247 miles southeast of Algiers, that the Foureau-Lami expedition giers, that the Foureau-Lami expedi-tion had arrived at Agades months earlier, and that it could not there-fore be the party killed by the Tuar-

The Foureau-Lami mission started from Algiers in the summer of 1898, with the intention of crossing the Sahara Desert by way of Assime, Air and Agadez to the Lake Tchad country, which had shortly before, by agree-ment with Germany and Great Brit-ain, been included within the French

sphere of influence." The expedition was a large and imposing one, comprising over 250 Spa-his, tirallieurs, picked riflemen, several hundred caravan men and a very large number of animals.

large number of animals.

All the larger garrisons, Fort MacMahon, Fort Miribel and others of the
Algerine hinterland contributed their
quota of troops to the mission, which
made its rendezvous at Timassinin
near the northern limits of the TusserAdsju country, about 550 miles seem
of Constantine, Algiers, and about 600
southwest of Trinoil.

Against, the point from which the
expedition would strike off to the
southeast for Lake Tchad, lies in the

expedition would strike off to the southeast for Lake Tchad, lies in the country of the Southern Tuaregs, about 200 miles south of Air, about 1,400 south of Constantine, and 1,200 southwest of Tripoli. These Tuaregs have seen but little of Europeans, and, while they have been disposed by the propitiating influences of gifts and tolls exacted to receive and allow passage to merchant caravans, they have bee averse to having at any price a mili-tary caravan pass through their coun-

try.

The Tuaregs are a main branch of the Berber family and the dominant race throughout the whole region between Algiers on the north and Tim-bucto and Lake Tchad on the southbuctoo and Middle Niger country gave the French good evidence of their capacity as fighters before General Ghourko finally effected their subjugation. Among the Tuareg tribes of the Sahara are a number of confederations which, while they are hostile to each other, unite and make common cause against any military force coming from the outside, and their aggregate numbers make them very formidable foes.

# THE McCARTHY CUP.

Terms and Conditions of the Shooting.

Lieutenant Colonel C. J. McCarthy offers to the companies of the regiment a prize cup for marksmanship, to be come the property of any company competing for it under the following

Teams will consist of 15 men each from any of the companies of the First Regiment, N. G. H.; the teams must appear and shoot in service uniform with belt; 10 rounds per man; 200 yards off-hand; limited to rifles issued to the N. G. H.; Blunt's Manual to gov-

The first shoot for "The McCarthy Cup" will take place at the Military ri-fle range on Saturday, Sept. 30, 1889, at 1:30 p. m.

The regimental commander hopes that each and every company in the regiment will enter a team to compete

# for this trophy.

# Judge Barnard Resigns.

E. W. Barnard has resigned as District Magistrate of North Hilo, Hawaii, and his resignation is now in ceased. This can be explained at the hearing on the passage of the accounts.

To George J. Campbell has been paid a salary of \$2,400 the past year. This able to name a successor owing to the was charged to expense or administration account. In my segregation of the assential passage is a segregation of the assential to ranch account, to which I think it belongs. President Dole's hands; the present in-Hilo may come to the rescue and send a man there.

The latest addition to the French navy is the battleship Suffren, which was launched at Brest on July 24. She will be the heaviest vessel in that navy, having a displacement of 12.728 tons. She is designed for a speed of 18 knots per hour, and her engines are expected to develop 16.200 horse-power. The Suffren will be completed in July, 1901, and will cost 29,492,000 france.

# The Government on the Action of the Board of Health.

## STER KING SERVES NOTICE

shop Estate Given Sixty Days in Which to Commence Work of Filling Is.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The recent action of the Board of Health in condemning a portion of the rsh land at Walkiki belonging to the Bishop Estate as unsanitary is receiving attention at the Government building and Minister King has already addressed an official communication A TRIPLE SYSTEM to the trustees of the estate, notifying them according to law of the action of the board and requiring them to commilling in the land condemned within sixty days.

Before going further it may be as well to explain that the land condemned by the Board of Health as unsanitary and a menace to public health is that designated on the map as the Paweo pond or ponds, for there are really two of them. This comprises the marsh land extending nearly from the bridge on the Kalia road to the big pond opposite the residence of F. A. Schaefer on the old Waikiki beach road. The condemned land extends along the mauka side of the road and is opposite the Ena, Cassidy, Waterhouse, Hobron and McLean premises. There are about fourteen acres in the tract and the question of how to reduce it to a sanitary condition is one that is interesting more than those directly concerned. According to Henry Macfarlane the land in question was formerly occupied by natives who carried on salt making in a desultory fashion, or, to use Mr. Macfarlane's words, "they made about as much as they could eat." The remains of these cold salt ponds are distinctly traceable to this day. The property is under lease by the Bishop Estate to John Mas, the original lease expiring in 1901. Unfortunately, however, there was a renewal of the lease some time so for another six years, which com-

Matete trustees would contest the right of the Board of Health and the Govment to condemn this or any other perty. The Advertiser does not beileve this to be true but that the exact opposite is the truth. A gentleman who is in close touch with the affairs

of the estate said, a few days ago: The Bishop Estate trustees have realized for some time that something would have to be done with the Waikiki property of the estate, and only recently the question has been debated with them whether it would not be a sirable investment for the estate to some of its surplus funds in improving its marsh lands. The es-tate will not contest the right of the Board of Health to condemn these lands because the trustees realize that ty may be heavy at the outset the enhanced value of the land and the sed rental will make it a good investment in the end. To show that the trustees are even ahead of the Board of Health in this matter I need only mention that they have already let a contract to fill in a tract of marsh land opposite the Bishop switch on the main Walkiki road at an expense of \$4,000. This is an earnest of their

It may be stated, moreover, that Frank S. Dodge, the surveyor of the estate, has already made preliminary estimates of the expense of filling in the condemned tract and that he will be prepared at the next meeting of the ard of Health to submit plans and suggestions for its approval. The board in its order of condemnation required the marsh to be filled in level with the road. This would require, according to a hasty calculation, an average filling of four feet, or ninety thousand cubic yards for the entire tract. When it is considered that the average cost of the filling in done by the Honolulu Iron Works at their new aako location was 82 cents per cubic yard, it can be seen that it would require about \$70,000 to fill in this tract alone, which is hardly justified by present values of choice residence property in the vicinity. It is prob-able that some plan satisfactory to the ed of Health will be adopted by which the land can be put in a sanitary

which the land can be put in a sanitary condition at a less expense than would be entailed by filling in the whole tract.

It has been suggested that a deep pond or ponds be made, and the soil estained by excavating used in filling in elsewhere. This is believed to be the cheapest plan proposed, and if the ponds can be connected with tide-water, as Mr. Dodge says can be done, there could be no objection to them.

sre could be no objection to them. Speaking of this matter yesterday termoon, Attorney General Cooper wish we could see our way clear

am satisfied the property owners would gladly do their share. We are consid-ering what the Government can do to help the work along and for that rea-son I have asked Minister King to con-

son I have asked Minister King to con-fer with me."

With all parties concerned working in harmony to the desired end, as now appears to be the case, there is no reason why Waikiki should not soon become what it ought to have been made long ago, the most beautiful of Honolulu's suburbs.

## Happenings on Kauai.

The Ke Au Hou brings news of stabbing afray between a native and Japanese at Kekaha last Saturday. The Jap was wounded in the breast.

A reckless Hawaiian rode into a telegraph wire in Eleele gulch and was thrown from his horse forty feet into the gulch below, where he was found in an unconscious state some hours after.

Two Japanese employed on a bridge a falling timber.

Not a Single North Star as Supposed.

mportant Discovery at Lick Observatory on the Part Played by Po laris in Solar System.

LICK OBSERVATORY, Sept. 9.-Director Keeler today gave out the following statement in reference to the part played by Polaris, popularly known as the North Star, in the movements of bodies through the heavens:

"A discovery of much scientific and considerable popular interest has just been made by Professor Campbell with the great telescope of the Lick Observatory. It is that Polaris, or the North Star, doubtless the best-known star in the whole firmament, is really a triple system. Two of the bodies in this system revolve around each other in a period of four days, and at the same time move in a much wider sweep around a third body, in much the same way as the earth and moon do around

"The separate bodies which compose the system cannot be seen with the telescope, nor is it likely that they ever will be seen with any instrument. Their existence is demonstrated by observations made with a spectroscope. By a method, which need not be ex-plained here, the speed with which a heavenly body is moving toward or away from the earth can be measured with a spectroscope attached to a tel-escope. The method has been known for many years, but it is only recently that the necessary accuracy for ob-servations of stars has been reached, by the application of photography. There are various ways of checking the correctness of the results. Thus, as the sun turns on its axis, one edge is constantly approaching the earth, and the other is receding from it, at the rate of about one and a quarter miles per second; the spectroscope is found to measure this motion correctit is for the public welfare and that ly. Again, the velocity with which while the expense of improving the planets are moving in the line of sight can be calculated from the known dimensions of the solar system, and in this case also the reliability of the spectroscopic method has been proved. Observations of stars by this method are now being made at a number of the leading observatories of the world. "According to the laws of motion, a body once set in motion, and left to itwill move on forever, in a straight line, with uniform velocity. Any change whatever in its motion indicates the existence of a disturbing force. The great majority of the stars are found to move with unchanging velocity, but in a small number of cases the velocity varies, and these are of great interest to the astronomer

> takes no account. "The existence of a revolving system was proved by this method in the case of the famous variable star Algol. It had long been assumed that the changes in the light of this star are due to eclipses by a dark companion, and the correctness of the hypothesis was proved by Professor Vogel of Ger-many in 1889.

A star may, of course, move across the

line of sight, as well as in it, but of

the former motion the spectroscope

"Quite a number of similar cases are now known, fourteen of which, including the brilliant binary star Capella, have been discovered at the Lick Observatory. Polaris is now, however, the most interesting of these. The velocity changes in a period of three days, twenty-three hours by about six kilometers, or nearly four miles respectively. twenty-three hours by about six kilo-meters, or nearly four miles per sec-ond. The longer period of change has not as yet been determined; it may amount to several years. It may be some time before this discovery is verified at other observatories, as the high degree of accuracy to measure, with certainty, so small a change of motion has as yet been reached only at Mount Hamilton,"

# GOOD ENOUGH TO TAKE.

"I wish we could see our way clear to having all these marsh lands at Walkiki filled up. It would be a great thing for the city if it could be done. I am to have a conference with Minister King tomorrow with regard to the feasibility of laying a railroad track to the foothills, where we could obtain soil for filling purposes. I don't know that anything will come of it very pleasant to take. As a medicate soil of filling purposes. I don't know that anything will come of it very pleasant to take. As a medicate that the tlov. The difficulty of the cure of coughs, colds, in grippe, croup and whooping cough it is unequaled by any other. It always cares, and cures quickly. For sale by thenson, Smith & Co., I.dd., wholesale agents for if. I., and all druggists and dealers.

Insurgents Defeated a Santa Rita,

Inhabitants of Santa Barbara of Panay, Fearing a Bombardment, Abandon the Trwn.

MANILA, Sept. 9 .- A force of 450 rebels, with one cannon, attacked Santa Rita early this morning, and simultaneously Guagua and San Antonio were attacked by bodies of rebels numbering about sixty men.

All the insurgents were repulsed without loss to the Americans. Colonear Eleele were seriously injured by nel Bell and his regiment, while attempting to surprise the rebels in the lieutenant and six privates.

A Filipino who has arrived here from the Visaya Islands says that Victoria Nemapa, a prominent and wealthy lawyer of Iloilo, being forced by

the rebel headquarters in the Island of Panay, have abandoned the town, fearing a bombardment of the place by the United States battleship Ore-

## MUCH SICKNESS.

MANILA, Sept. 5, via Hongkong. Sept. 9.- The censor has refused to allow the following dispatch, the accuracy of which is unquestioned, to be telegraphed:

The surgeon's reports in regard to the condition of General MacArthur's division showed that 36 per cent of the officers and 25½ per cent of the en-listed men are sick. This includes the sick in quarters and those sent home. Eleven per cent of the enlisted men sick in quarters are mostly suffering from dysentery and malarial fever.

PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—General Otis has been instructed in framing his plan of ampaign for the dry season to allow for the fullest participation of the naval forces now in the Philip-pines, and as soon as he has been heard from the necessary orders will go forward to the naval commanders to co-operate with the army to an ex-tent not before contemplated. The naval officers have always been willing to do this, but they have been re-strained in their operations by an indisposition to interfere in any quar-ter with the plans of the military com-manders. The ships will undertake to capture any of the ports now in insurgent possession that may be desired by the army, and also to hold them indefinitely, thus making it possible to open the railroad in Luzon from the northern extremity, while in Cavite province, with the large force of marines now on hand, it is believed that the navy can undertake to relieve the soldiers stationed there and make a valuable force for other operations.

TWO COLORED REGIMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.-An order for the organization of two colored regiments was issued from the War Department today. All the field officers of these two regiments are white men now in the regular army.

All the companies are colored men who served in the war with Spain in either the regulars or the volunteers. The regiments will be designated the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Volunteer Infantry. The Forty-eighth will be organized at Fort Thomas, Kentucky, and the Forty-ninth at Jeffer son barracks, Missouri.

MOODY PRAYS FOR DREYFUS NEW YORK, Sept. 10.-Among Rev. Mr. Moody's congregation in Plymouth Church this morning were several delegates from Great Britain to the International Congregational Council which will meet on September 19 in Boston. Mr. Moody asked the pray-ers of the congregation for Dreyfus and his family and said: "I pity the man or nation that will allow prejudice to come into their hearts agains God's chosen people. We owe a great deal to the sons of Abraham. All the blessings we enjoy come through that line. If any of you have prejudices against them I beseech you to tear them out. From the bottom of my heart I pity the man who has a preju dice against another because he is a

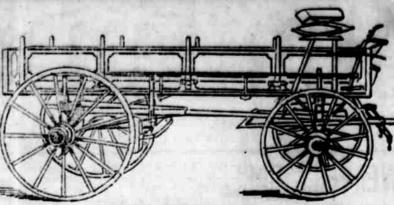
Mr. Moody then offered a ferveni prayer for Dreyfus and his family. He prayed for such a manifestation as would show that there is still a God meting out justice. Mr. Moody after-ward preached upon the doctrine of atonement, which he declared was the one thing taught in the Bible from Genesis to Revelations.

# WAR MEASURES.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The activity in the Admiralty and War Office continues today. It is said that orders have been sent to America for light iron girders and bridging sections for pro-bable use in South Africa. Transports are moving to the docks, preparatory to embarking troops.

BROUGHT TWENTY THOUSAND.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Sept. 10.-H. Y. Hawes of this city has sold the famous racer, Joe Patchen, to Senato McCarthy of Goshen, N. Y. Hawes paid about \$20,000 for Patchen a few weeks ago in Cleveland, Ohio. It is understood the price paid by Sepator McCarthy, whose check arrived today, was in excess of what Hawes paid. Mr. Hawes says that Senator McCarthy will put Patchen on his stock farm near Goshen. This may mean Patchen's retirement from the facetrack.



# G. SCHUMAN'S Carriage: Repository FORT STREET.

Keeps constantly on hand a full line of

rear, met two small patrols and succeeded in capturing a rebel captain, a Siwieboker Form Wogons, Lumber Wogons, Delivery Spring Wagons, Plantation and Contractors' Dump Carts.

public opinion to declare his politics. has joined the rebels.

The inhabitants of Santa Barbara,



TRADE MARK SHOE

> Made in Worcester, Mass. 000

OUR PATROL SHOE

Extra Quality, Calf Jamp. Leather!Lined Rubber Heel.

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Sole.

lanulacturers' Shoe Store

# Ex Aloha:

We have just received Large Shipment of . . .

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We have from the Cheapest Line in these SETS to the Best.

# FURNITURE COMPANY Progress Block.



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G. N. WILA **Pacific** 

J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.

uano and Fertilizer Co FICE BOX 484-MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467.

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Gaaso and Partilleer Compan

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Write for prices and description of he articles you want in

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We have a large and well-selected stock and are desirous of increasing our business with the other islands. Your correspondence and orders will be carefully attended to. Having a professional packer, we can always insure you against any breakage.

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-000-

Complete outfit of CROCKERY GLASS, CUTLERY and KITCHEN UTENSILS, including STOVE...\$50.00 Fine Blown Tumblers ..... 75e dos.

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You will be surprised how much you can save by sending us your orders.

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OIL STOVES. PRIMUS OIL STOVES.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all tapurities from whatever cause arising. For Scrofnia, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood basa es. Blackbeads, Pimples, and Sores of all linds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure

Cures Old Sores. Cures Sores on the Neck. Cures Sore Logs. Cures Backbead or Pimples on the Face

Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face Cures Blood and Skir Disea es.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter.
From whateover cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gouland Rheamatic pains.
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones
As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WOR-DERFUL CURES

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles 28.
9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, its.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-atsaching cases—BY ALL CHEMIST and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND CONTANT DRUG COMPANY. Lincoln, Eugland. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE. CAUTION —Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Misture should see that they get the genuine attele. Worthless in itations and substitutes are sometimes palmed of by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Hidland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England" are engraved on the towermment Stamp, and "Clarke's World amed Blood Misture," blown in the bottle WITHOUTW HICH NONE ARE GENUINE

CASTLE & COOKE, IN HONOLULU. COMMISSION MERCHANTS

SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR Eve Plantation Co.
Welsius Agricultural Co., Las.
Kohala Sugar Mill Co.
Welmes Bugar Mill Co.
Kolos Agricultural Co.
Pultos Iron Works, St. Louis.

# THE ROOKE SUITS

ry overruling the demurrers of the defendants, which is now being appealed

THE COMPLAINT. The undersigned, C. K. C. Rooke plaintiff herein, complaining of the Queen's Hospital, a corporation exist-ing under the laws of the Republic of Hawaii, and Chas. R. Bishop, S. M. Damon, C. M. Hyde, J. O. Carter and Bamon, C. M. Hyde, J. C. Carter and W. F. Allen, trustees under the will of Bernice P. Bishop, defendants herein, says: That the plaintiff is entitled in fee simple to all of the lands, tene-ments and hereditaments described in schedule hereto attached and made a part hereof, to which reference is here-by made: For that Thomas Charles Byde Rooke, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, being seized in fee at the time of his death of all of the said lands, did, by his last will and testament, a copy whereof is hereto attached and made part hereof, give and bequeath the real property in said schedule described, and all thereof, to his wife, Grace Kamaikui Rooke, to be used and enjoyed by her during the term of her natural life, and from and immediately after her decease, the said T. C. B. Rooke did give and devise the said real property to Emma Rooke, she having been adopted by the said T. C. B. Rooke on the 13th day of December, 1851, to be used and enjoyed by her during the term of her natural life and her children forever, but should the aforesald Emma Rooke decease before him, the said testator, or decease without leaving any issue, then he, the said T. C. B. Rooke, did give and besaid T. C. B. Mooke, did give and be-queath the said lands unto his nephew and godson, C. K. C. Rooke, as C. C. K. Rooke, the plaintiff herein, and his heirs forever: That the said testator died in the year 1858, and shortly thereafter said Grace Kamalkui died; That on the 2d day of June, 1856, said Emma Rooke married Kamehameha IV., King of the Hawaiian Islands; That by said marriage, she, said Emma Rooke, then Queen Emma, had issue born on the 20th day of May, 1858. a son, the Prince of Hawaii, who died in the year 1862, leaving him surviving both of his parents, to wit, Emma Rooke, then Queen Emma, and Kamehameha IV.; That the said Kameha-meha IV. died on the 30th day of No-vember, 1863; That the said Emma meha IV. died on the 30th day of November, 1863; That the said Emma Rooke, then Queen Emma, never remarried nor did she ever have any other child born to her than the aforementioned Prince of Hawaii; That the said Queen Emma died in the year 1885, and by her last will and test the said Thomas Charles Byde Rooke as and for his last will and test the said Thomas Charles Byde Rooke as and for his last will and test the said The demursers are oversuled.

The demursers are oversuled.

While recognizing the importance of the issues through the importance of the issues through the issues through the importance of the issues through the issues t tament, which was duly admitted to probate, purported to devise the lands in said schedule described to the Queen's Hospital, one of the defend-scribed our names as witnesses there-Hospital, defendant herein, claim said property as devisees under the will of said Queen Emma: That said will of said Queen Emma; That said trustees under the will of B. P. Bishop, claim that one-fourth of the said lands, upon the decease of said Prince of Hawaii, became vested in said Kamehameha IV. by inheritance, and that said one-fourth was vested in said B. P. Bishop at the time of her decease and that the same is now vested in said trustees; That said Queen's Hospital and strument to be his last will and testasaid trustees under the will of B. P. ment and that he had executed the said trustees under the will of B. P. Bishop claim said lands adversely to the plaintiff, and that plaintiff is desirous of determining said adverse claim and of having the same adjudicated: And plaintiff alleges that said

For reason defendants are necessary parties to the complete determination and settlement

complete determination and settlement of the questions involved herein.

Wherefore plaintiff prays that the defendants may be summoned to appear and answer this complaint and that they be required to set up any adverse claims that they may have in or to the aforesaid property or any part thereof, and that the title to said property be quieted and plaintiff's ownererty be quieted and plaintiff's owner-ship in fee simple of the same may be confirmed, and for costs, and for such other relief as to the court may seem

SCHEDULE.

1. The property known as the "French Hotel premises," situate in Honolulu, Oahu, being the land described in Land Commission Award 924, Royal Patent 653, to Dr. T. C. B. Rooke, containing 86-100 of an acre.

2. The property known as "Queen Emma residence," situate in Honolulu aforesaid, being the land described in Grant 83 to Dr. T. C. B. Rooke, containing 1 5-100 acres.

3. The land situate at Honuakaha, Honolulu aforesaid, described in Land Commission Award 677 to M. Kekuanaos, excepting therefrom a lot conveyed by T. C. B. Rooke to one Innis, described as follows: "Commencing at the containing a schedule attached to and made a part of the december of the Hawailan Islands as and for the last will and testament of T. Chas. Byde Rooke, of Honolulu, late deceased.

In testimony whereof I have here unto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Supreme Court.

Signed) G. M. ROBERTSON,

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

JUDGE PERRY'S DECISION.

This is an action brought under the statute to quiet title to certain lands situate in this Republic and more particularly described in a schedule attached to and made a part of the deceased.

In testimony whereof I have here unto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Supreme Court.

Signed) G. M. ROBERTSON,

Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of T. Chas. Byde Rooke, of Honolulu, late deceased.

In testimony whereof I have here unto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the Supreme Court of T. Chas. Byde Rooke, of Honolulu, late deceased.

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In testimon

veyed by T. C. B. Rooke to one limbs, described as follows: "Commencing at the north corner of this lot the laration. The defendants demur to the decisions Manaosiani's lot, thence along Manaosiani's lot, thence along Joseph Real's lot \$716 feet to Gueen street, thence along The facts of the case, as disclosed feet to Queen street, thence along

7. The land situate in Nuuanu Valley, known as "Waolant." being the same land described in Grant 168 to Bishop claim that the title to one-

this my last will and testament in manner following; that is to say:
I give and bequeath all my real and
personal estate of what nature or kind
soever to my wife. Grace Kamatkui
Rooke, to be used and enjoyed by her
during the term of her natural life and
from and immediately after her decease, I give and devise the same to
my adopted daughter. Emma Rooke,
daughter of Fanny Kokela and George cease, I give and devise the same to my adopted daughter, Emma Rooke, daughter of Fanny Kekela and George Naea, of Lahaina, in the Island of Maui, Hawaiian Islands, adopted by me, the said Thomas Charles Byde Rooke, on the 2d day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand to need any citation of author. the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and readopted by me in accordance with the requirements of the law on the 13th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, by deed of adoption now on record in the office of the Registrar of the Hawalian Islands, to be used and enjoyed by her during the term of her natural life and her children forever,

and appoint my wife, Grace Kamaikui Rooke, to be the executrix, and my friends, John Young, Robert G. Davis and Henry Rhodes, to be the executors of this my last will and testament hereby revoking all former wills by me made.

In witness whereof I have hereunt set my hand and seal this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

ISRAEL H. WRIGHT. Residing at Honolulu. Residing at Honolulu.

Hawaiian Islands, Oabu, ss. On this 30th day of April, in th year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, personally apsame for the uses and purposes there-

Deputy Register.
For reasons satisfactory to myself I have this day withdrawn Robert G. Davis above mentioned from acting as executor of this my last will and tes

tament and nominated in his stead William Webster, Esq. (Signed) T. CHAS. BYDE ROOKE. Signed in my presence this 29th day of May, 1858. A. M'DUFF. (Bigned)

Hawaiian Islands, Oahu, ss. -- Be It Re-

That on this 26th day of January, A. D., 1859, the foregoing written instrument was duly proved before me in the Supreme Court of the Hawalian Islands

This is an action brought under the statute to quiet title to certain lands situate in this Republic and more particularly described in a schedule attached to and made a part of the declaration

Queen street to point of commencement." See deed to said innis record—
and in the Register Office, Oahu, in Libert 9, Page 630. And also excepting seized in fee at the time of his death therefrom a lot conveyed by T. C. B. of all of the lands the subject of the Rooke to one Jordan, described as folaction, and towing a will the provi-BODE Extracts from the Principal Diceased of Principal Dicease of Principal Diceased of Principal Diceased of Principal Dicease of Principal Diceased of P

in constraint a will, the court's other sole object is to ascertain from the heres whole will, what was the intention of we ha

intention to give to his adopted daugit ter. Emma Booke, after the death of settled in our minds the reason for it, his wife, a life estate, and that at her less low, had time. The trouble lingered but, should the aforesaid Emma Rooke decease before me, the said testator, or decease without leaving any issue, then I hereby give and bequeath the same unto my nephew and godson, Cresswell Charles Keane Rooke, son of Benjamin Proctor and Agnes Rooke, from rely of Hertford, England, but now residing at Bombay, and his beirs forever.

And, lastly, I do hereby nominate and appropriate the same are sufficient to the property should go to his neghest and godson. I here as a legacy by the influence. Here forever, and, lastly, I do hereby nominate and appropriate my wife. Green Rooke is not been also as a single but one chart of gentler winds. ing him, of her having but one shale vantage of gentler winds, who died when a years old, and of her dying without leaving any children loss attempts by taking plenty of solid surviving her, the property should go nouristing food was flusory. Every to the plaintiff, in my opinion that ment of that kind caused fearful disintention is sufficiently expressed by freezing in the government.

the foregoing construction of the will take
While recognizing the importance of

dents will happen, and to meet such digestion. That is the main point cases, Nature designed the roots herbs, gums and leaves for the stealing of the nation. Nature's way to treat a cut, bruise or a burn, is to cleame, draw and heal, and that's the way Kickapoo Indian Balva note lost as nature acts. It acts that way became it is Nature's own remedy compounded from materials gathered in Nature's infallible laboratory; unadditionally the national for the germs of discussion work infallible laboratory; unadditionally the Red Men divolged it to the Pale Face. They healed nations again and the Red Men divolged it to the Pale Face. They healed nations again ago, they act the same today Mohres 1976; do Romany former healed processes the Remedies.



MORRORY WILL STEAL THEN

jewels are never staten from the of Loudon. They are in a place, well guarded, and are mus fittings to handle when dis-

The Will.

In the name of God, amen. I. Thomas Charles Byde Rooke, of Honolulu, Island of Oshu, Hawaiian Islands, of the age of forty-six years or there abouts and being of sound mind and memory, do make, publish and deciare this my last will and testament in manner following; that is to say:

I give and bequeath all my real and personal estate of what nature or kind soever to my wife. Grace Kamaikul Rooke, to be used and enjoyed by her during the term of her natural life and from and immediately after her decease. I give and devise the same to case, I give and devise the same to construing a will, the course for the land testament to the same to construing a will, the course for the land that it after it considers the same to construing a will, the course for the land that it after it construction of the will of T & Rooke.

In construing a will, the course for the land that it after it aft

y. All concerned are agreed that in to know whether the military was in Vancouver to Fanning's Island. The and by the first chause of the will above any sense responsible for the bron-quoted, the testator intended to give childs, as cause and effect. If so, why? to his wife a life estate in his proper. It is well understood, of course, in Enghis wife a life estate in his proper-lit is well understood, of course, in England, where influenza is so common, in my opinion, it was the testator's that other allments do follow it; yet

to the plaintiff. In any opinion that intention is sufficiently expressed by tress in the stomach and acute pain at the language of the will, and the title the chest. Nature distinctly repudiation the property passed to the plaintiff at Emma Rooke's death.

I know of no rule of key which its body and almost as atrenausly objected to the liquids, such as irrothic tess and milk. It looked as if stands in the way of the adoption of the foregoing consequence of the second milk.

social recognition of and compadeship with the Cubans by Mrs. Rathbors and contradeship with the Cubans by Mrs. Rathbors and contradeship and unexpected recovery 1 defense of India from the inevitable and united closer to us than all the military and administrative work combined.—Army and Navy Journal.

\*\*Concept Mrs. Rowlands and I know."

\*\*Concept Mrs. Rowlands and I k

Remedics.

Remedics.

All the first parts to the series of the series of the first parts to the series the burn of the first parts to the series of the series of the first parts to succession to it very severe does not leave a cear.

AER is used to the of the made to find the parts of the series of the series

British Ship Egeria Sails on Tuesday.

British Cab e Bonto.

The British composite-survey sloop Egeria, which returned to port a day or two since, completed on September 11th the survey of that portion of the line of the proposed allproposed line extends from Vancouver to Sydney, the Egeria surveying from -3 remaining portion, from Fanning's Island to Sydney, was surveyed by the eruiser Penguin some time ago.

The line of the proposed cable runs at it nearest point within 350 miles east from Honoiulu. The officers aboard the Egeria are unanimous in the statement that the line, whenever com-pleted, will be British in its entirety,

touching no soil other than British.

"There will be no branch line to Hawaii or any other foreign territory," said one of them. "The cable is to be all British in the full meaning of the

class of the English war vessels and has been in service since 1874. She was first a part of the fleet stationed in China, but for the last few years has been in the survey service. Her first work of this kind was off the Australian coast, but for the last year and a half she has been stationed off British Columbia. Her present commission will end next June and it is not known what her next work will She steams 10 knots and has a small armament.

The Egeria will leave Honolulu next Tuesday for Vancouver and will forward her reports from there to the British Admiralty Office at London

GOLD STANDARD FOR INDIA

The demurrers are overruled.
Dated, Honolulu, H. I., Nov. 20, 1869

A. PERRY.
First Judge, Circuit Court, Flore 32, dicial Circuit.

BEST WORK IN CUBA.

BEST WORK IN CUBA.

The demurrers are overruled.
A. PERRY.
First Judge, Circuit Court, Flore 32, dicial Circuit.

BEST WORK IN CUBA.

The came so reduced and feeble," that my daughter had to auree me constantly. I could not the linding Council the Viceroy, the lady writes, "that my daughter had to auree me constantly. I could not ring in the statement of Clinton Daw-American Soldiers.

The demurrers are overruled.

BUST SOLD STANDARD FOR INDIA.

Gold to be Made Legal Tender Here-action, with his poisoned dart, often approaches by that same road.

The came so reduced and feeble," that my daughter had to auree me constantly. I could not ring in the statement of Clinton Daw-kins, the financial member who intro-American Soldiers. In the house, or to others, I was of the financial member who introthe Bey. Dr. Bobert A. MacArihur ed me left nothing untried that he the absence of the mint proclamation the absence of the mint proclamation of the Calvary Baptist Church. New knew of; but, in spite of all he did, I from England it had been decided to York City, in an account of what he grew worse and worse.

From England it had been decided to from England it had been decided to make gold the legal tender immediatefound in a town of Cubs said: "The whether is the land of the living or ly, in the conviction that no other found in a town of Cubs said:

The less work that is being done in Cubs today is being accomplished by the wives of the American soldiers and administrators. I refer especially to Mrs. Brooke, Mrs. Ludlow, and, above all to Mrs. Rathbone, wife of General Estes C. Rathbone, wife of General Estes C. Rathbone, in charge of the Postal Department of Cubs. Mrs. Rathbone, with a truly womanly tact, has adopted the Cuban customs at the receptions she holds weekly in Havana and it is not too much to say that this social recognition of and compadeality with the Cubans by Mrs. Rathbone and other amount to be said and all the companies of the case for the gold standard, and the remarkable consentant for the procession of and compadeality with the Cubans by Mrs. Rathbone and other amount to be ever since. For my cy of the Government had been the other American women in Havana is a process of Marchetal trouble vanished and an appearance of india from the inevitable and management of factors and all kinds of food agreed with me. With pleasy of noorishment I gained at an adopted the Cuban customs at the receptions she holds weekly in Havana and it is not too much to say that this social recognition of and compadeality with the Cubans by Mrs. Rathbone and other American women in Havana is a process of Marchetal trouble vanished and an appearance of india from the inevitable and management and fresh taxana for the convention that no other measure would save India from disastors that no other measure would save India from disastors that no other measure would save India from disastors that no other measure would save India from disastors that no other measure would save India from disastors that no other measure would save India from the town disastors and from the conviction that no other measure would save India from the conviction disastors and from the conviction that no other measure would save India from the conviction that no other measure would save India from the conviction that no other measure would save India from the defense of India from the inevitable AXES AND HATCHETS, AXLES,

> the field on equal terms. Since gold LAWN MOWERS, CHARCOAL IRONS began to enter last year £2,620,000 had BABBITT'S POTASH. arrived. A fixed value must lend sta- TUBULAR LANTERNS AND GLOBES bility and confidence to foreign trade. He did not induldge in chimerical dreams of the future or pretend to open an Asiatic Klondike. He firmly believed and hoped the present action would invest the financial horoscope of India with the accurity which it had hitherto lacked, and which it was the duty of the Government to utilize in the efforts of the Indian people.

The pain of a burn or scald is almost instantly relieved by applying Cham-berbulo's Pain Balm. If size heals the

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In Furniture buying are obtainable from the house that buys at the closest market—buys only such Goods as are dependable—whose wearing qualities are known. One chair may be dear at Two Pollars, while another be considered a bargain at Four Dollars. The latter is what we call The latter is what we call "dependable."

> \*\*\*\* We have in stock

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that may be relied up-on as being the best to be had for the money. In other words they are Goods of "known wear."

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All the above and more on the "Imily F. Whitney" from New York direct. All sorts of goods by other vessels.

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# tian Gazette. SEMI-WEEKLY.

UMD TUESDAYS AND PRIDAYS W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

IDAY ..... SEPTEMBER 22, 1399.

## PEARL HARBOR.

It is not creditable to the community hat the Federal government, in order La forced to take condemnation prodings. Much of the land which the ernment wants is useless for any gricultural purpose, and its real value to slight. As land situated on an expollent harbor it has no value until a unnel is opened through the reef. Whoever opens that channel raises the price of the land at once.

The Federal government has annexed these Islands "amid the tears and shouts of the grateful multitude," but when it wants some land for a nava station, the owners of the land demand, in the opinion of the officers of the Federal Government, a most exorbitant price. The Federal government is urged to give value to the land by cutting a ship channel through the bar and then is asked to pay the increased value which it has created. The situation is like that of some of the old and decrepit and pauper natives who, some years ago, were willing to enter the Lunalilo Home and be taken care of provided only they were well paid for it.

The question was asked more than once after the Overthrow, why does not the government or the Annexation party take steps to secure sufficient the United States? Admiral Walker, while examining the channel in 1894, said, "The United States has the right to use the waters of Pearl harbor, but preserved and increased it. it does not have the right to occupy a foot of land around it, and we are at the mercy of the speculators." -At that time, if the community had urged it, the government would have purchased, for a song, all of the lands needed for a naval station, and held it for such use. Admiral Walker suggested it, but that was a little detail which the Annexation party neglected.

If condemnation proceedings are now taken, a local jury, if it follows the example of similar juries who have heretofore condemned lands, will put excessive values on the premises and the Executive, in Washington, may decline to proceed in the matter.

The Federal government is able to pay "ten prices" for the land, but its improvements in order to avoid being flicts between capital and labor. They "done up" by speculation.

There is no special reason why the make the best bargain they can with made them allies and not enemies. the Federal government. "It is business." If Uncle Sam gets into hole, of, Cornelius privately gave large he must pay in order to get out of it.

The whole affair illustrates the general fact that public affairs are conducted with little foresight, because the public, behind the government, has little foresight.

# CORNELIUS VANDERBILT.

The death of Cornelius Vanderbilt recalls, to those who were familiar with the history of the Vanderbilt the powerful influence of a good mother in shaping the fortunes

of her children. The old "Commodore" Vanderbilt was an "uneducated" man, as the word is commonly used, but he had the gift of the organizing power. Wall street called him a pessimist because he refused to commit his fortunes to the many thousands of men who were disgusted because he would not let them have his capital and make money for him. He took very gloomy views of the capacity of the average man to make a fortune. His six daughters and two sons married, and his grandchildren were numerous. As nearly all of them, both children and grandchildren, manifested a generous wiltingness to "camp down on him" as he expressed it, and spend his money for him, he did not remain on friendly terms with them, and was unwilling even to employ them as subordinates in the business connected with his great enterprises. His oldest son, William H., led a picturesque life for be, in due time, one of the studies in many years, but he had married a American forestry. woman of uncommon good sense, while her patience was infinite. When the has already a national reputation old Commodore finally consented to make William H. an employee in the office of the New York Central Railroad, his wife quietly and firmly determined to keep her husband up to his best work, whatever it was. The son found his father to be an imperlous, profane and irritating master, price of lumber. Conscious of his own power, the Commodore judged other men, including his own sons, and sons-in-law, by a high and unreasonable standard. For years the wife steadily and patiently her sons Cornelius, now dead, and Wilbeyond that of having a chance to of great estates.

show in a humble way, what they ould do. They were employed at first in work that involved no serious responsibility, and their advancement discouraged. But the wife and mother haritable institutions, in the management of which he had no confidence. She advised her sons to avoid rather scure land adjoining Pearl harbor, than cultivate any intimacy with their grandfather, and took unusual pains to Islands, have discouraged any attempts ers are united in a trust. Over 2000 make them to avoid making preten-

As the Commodore advanced in age, he saw the rifle pits of the death angels before him, and began to make arrangements for the best disposition, from a business standpoint, of his great fortune. He was convinced, after some years, of close observation, that "illiam H. and his boys were really adustrious men, and he gradually took them into his confidence. Before his death, he adopted a simple plan for the distribution of his estate. He left a quarter of a million of dollars to each of his six daughters, but with the firm belief that it would be quickly spent, or badly invested. This sum was increased to one million for each daughter, by a compromise after his death. The bulk of his vast estate he left to his son William H. with the understanding that he would keep a general alms house for the hundred or more of the commodore's descendants. To each of the sons of William H. he left, however, several millions of dollars, as a mark of his confidence in them. On the death of William H. land near Pearl harbor for the use of these sons took by their father's gift the entire estate, and with the assistance of their trained lieutenants, including Mr. Chauncey Depew. have

> The men who were put in the mos modore, often alluded to Mrs. W. H. Vanderbilt as a rare woman, full of "horse sense," as one of them declared. and the most efficient agent in promoting her sons' fortunes.

Cornelius, who recently died, had perly disposing of his great wealth. model building for the use, care and entertainment of their railroad employees which has done so much to father had little humanity, but the sons, with more liberal ideas saw the trend of industrial evolution, and sers may choose to delay making strove to avoid the unreasonable conencouraged the humblest employees to so far as the labor question is conbecome owners of stock in their great owners of the land should decline to railway companies, and in this way Through channels which he approved sums of money to charity.

Whether, on the whole, he used his great "talent" to the best advantage is yet open to discussion.

# A GOOD EXAMPLE.

Dr. Pinchot is now the head of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture in Washington. He is about thirty-two years of age and is an excellent example of a young man, who has an intelligent idea of the use of wealth. His grandfather, A. R. Eno of New York, the owner of the Fifth Avenue hotel in that place, recently died leaving an estate valued at \$20,000,000. His mother takes about It was done according to the light of \$3,000,000 of this property, and his father is independently rich. His grandfather urged that the young man should "be put into business," but his mother, one of the handsome women, of her day, thought that young men should be taught, not how to make money, but to use in the interests of mankind, the money that had been ac- willing to emigrate in any direction cumulated for them. The science of for- Over 10,000 of them emigrated in one estry was, and is, hardly known in America. Mr. Pinchot graduated from but they gave Kansas no benefits. Yale College, and had a careful training in the best German schools. He derbiit to direct the disposition of the forests on his place known as Biltmore, North Carolina, a place which has been pronounced excellent. It will economy.

Dr. Pinchot, although a young man. and his services to the country, if he lives, will be of inestimable value, because the American people, with the usual want of foresight in large communities, have allowed the destruction of the forests, and are about to suffer severely for doing so, in the increasing

Dr. Pinchot is one of the very few young men in America who have shown that riches are not a curse. Col. Ingersoll once said that "Rum and Vice are the real checks against the prehe was at times discouraged. When man like Dr. Pinchot stands as a rare liam K. were able to work, she im- principle that riches are a trust indeed. NEGRO LABOR

When Mr. Barnett, a Louisiana sugar the enormous value of the commodore's substantially a correct statement, from to make money through a trust, it is estate, and she knew that he would his point of view, but it is not correct not neglected. in time die and would not leave it to when looked at from another and higher point of view. Those who are familiar with the negro character, and see a dollar in the business. The Calithe conditions which, in the past, and fornia Raisin Association is a trust even now confront the laborer, in these owned by farmers. The walnut-growtowards fostering negro immigration. But they have asserted that under the proper conditions, the negro could be made a fair and reliable laborer. The creation of those conditions by the planters of these Islands has been regarded as impracticable so long as the laborer was morally regarded as a "chattel," that is a creature out of whom the most work was to be obtained, at the lowest wages. For moral despotism is as grinding as physical despotism.

The Southern planters have made and now make the same mistake There has been no general movement in the South toward elevating the condition of the negro laborer. So far as civilizing him is concerned, the Southern people have paid little or no attention to it, and have left him generally to shift for himself. Such an affair as the building up of a well ordered negro community is unknown. The whites, broken up and ruined by the war, have had neither the time, nor the inclination to improve the condition of the black. They cannot be blamed for taking this attitude, so long as they do what other whites are money, not illiberally, in the so-called responsible stations, by the old com- But the great majority of the Southern relieve inevitable disaster. people are still influenced by their belief in his inferiority, and the uselessness of substantially improving his Mainland is primarily due, however, to character. The task is too gigantic, the black race is largely due to Northrather a serious mind, and was op- ern energy and philanthropy. The idea pressed with the responsibility of pro- of giving the negro a home of his own, on or near the sugar and cotton plan-He, with his brother, provided that tations, and of having him to do the I can sell out my interests to a trust best manual labor, exists only in a few places in the South. Such work is regarded as the mission of philanthropy, prevent strikes. The father and grand- and there has not yet appeared the and employee, which clearly sees any tion of the employee.

> degradation of the black. With millions of acres of untilled land, the tendency has been to exclude him from cial warfare. it, as an owner, because he is a shiftless neighbor. But the negro does buy land, and as the owner of it, does just does when he becomes a land owner. The Southern planter, as a rule, for there are some noted exceptions to it. leaves the negro in the ignorance and supersition which was the environment of slavery, and then seeks the Italian, because he is a better laborer The Civil war ended with the inhumanity, on the part of the North, of emancipating five millions of negroes and with casting flat on their backs. the aged, the sick, the helpless, without securing to one of them an acre of land on which to erect a home This was the Juggernaut of justice. those days, and it is not for us to censure those who did it. But the rough policy of the North, together with the inherited habits of Southern thought and practice, have prevented the negro from rising more rapidly, and have set loose a large horde of them, who are year to Kansas, not many years ago.

The influences, since the Civil war,

industrial standpoint. As a consequence, she is driven to the importation of Italians which is, from the any real progress in Japan, because covers about 15,000 acres. His work standpoint of political economy, a false

# THE FARMERS' TRUSTS.

Whether the creation of innumerable rusts throughout the country is or is at a wise measure is an open question. the eyes of the poorer Japanese, un-But the discussion of the merits of these trusts is largely insincere. There ing behind the banner of the cross, is a strong public sentiment in their are openly "getting between each The President has to deal with some favor. They are popular. A considerable other's legs," in their dissensions, and millions of voters, the majority of erable proportion of the business men, confusing the people with their rival and indeed of all adult males in the claims. United States are perfectly willing to The Christian churches of the Occipromote trusts, if "there is any mo- dent have failed to see that the Japa- deal with complex national and foreign ney in them" for themselves. The nese are no ordinary "heathen," and affairs. men who will refuse to take part in the ordinary methods of converting them, if they will return a large profit, them to Christianity, are, in a large kept her husband to his work, although servation of fortunes in America." A are so few, it would be difficult to find measure, obsolete. The Japanese resense of the average voter. That

rested dn trust securities approves o them. The men who have not investplanter visiting these Islands, tells us ed, denounce them as dangerous to the was so slow that they at times felt that "the proposition to bring negro Republic, but at the same time, they labor from the Southern States to "desire to provide for their families," played for high stakes. She realized these Islands is not tenable," he makes and if an opportunity presents itself

The honest farmers denounce trusts, but promote them whenever they can orange-growers are also in a trust. The grape-growers of New York and Ohio have formed a trust. There is a powerful milk trust in the Eastern States in which the farmers are the principal owners. The honest sons of toll are more than willing to form trusts, provided there is an honest penny in it.

Any law which controls such trusts as the Sugar and the Cotton Oil, and the Steel trusts, must affect these farmer's trusts as well.

In spite of hostile legislation, public sentiment is in favor of any form of industrial combination out of which money can be made. The persistent hostility of the people to trusts in the past, was due to the fact that only a few persons were interested in, and controlled them. As the people become familiar with the methods of trusts which apparently provide a royal road to fortune, the opposition to trusts will be confined to scholars, and those who are left out in the cold.

As for the future of trusts, they will be disposed of by economic laws. Water cannot rise above its level, and trust investments, in the long run, will be subject to the cruel and harsh disdoing elsewhere. They have spent position of immutable economic laws.

Trusts are the logical results of over-'education" of some of the negroes, production. The enterprise of Amerand there are many intelligent men in Ican ingenuity and brain creates an the South who see the vital necessity out-put of manufactured articles which of making the negro a good citizen, cannot be entirely sold. The trusts

The recent epidemic of trusts on the another cause, the desire to make inand discouraging. So the progress of stant fortunes. The business man or manufacturer reflects on the subject in to year, worried by anxiety about labor and markets, and competition, when at a sum which exceeds by three hunit, and go a fishing for the rest of my broad view of the relations of employer life." His neighbor says, "But the inexperienced, the widows and the orthe business. Why should they buy ianity that they should. stock which you do not care to hold?" The reply is, "I am not the guardian cerned, have been rather towards the of such people. Business is business, and each one looks out for himself." This is the present state of commer

Trusts will finally give place to cooperation, as the owners of trust stock will in the end be the employees what the Anglo-Saxon and the Italian of the trusts. The change will not take place for some years, but it will undoubtedly come.

# CHRISTIANITY IN JAPAN

Mr. Stafford Ransome has written book on Japan titled "Japan in Transition." The book shows a careful study of the subject, and presents some fresh views regarding the relation of the Japanese to Christianity. Mr. Ransome makes the bold statement that the missionaries, on the whole, fail to present to the Japanese the best side of Christianity, owing mainly to their inferior character. He admits freely that there are some excellent, and noble men among the Protestants, but that there is a large class of half-educated men and women who are not capable of reaching the acute and cultivated minds of the higher classes of the peoexcitable, restless, demoralized and are ple. The day has passed when eloquent 'boy-preachers" and "devoted" but ignorant and narrow-minded men and women can do the best missionary work. "Put none but grenadiers on The South does not, and cannot, guard" must be the motto of the treat the negro cruelly. But she treats church militant. Mr. Ransome says was then engaged by Mr. George Van- him unwisely from a commercial and that many of the leading Protestant foreigners in Japan claim that the Roman Catholics alone are making they are well educated, live the lives of the people, in simplicity and economy, and work quietly and systematically, and follow Japanese customs On the other hand, the members of the various Protestant sects are jealous of each other, live in apparent luxury, to dergo no self sacrifice, and in march-

was at times discouraged. When man like for Pinchot stands as a rare them. Jay Gould used to grin, when lam K. were able to work, she impressed upon them the necessity of animal that Rum and Vice should not be, and that Rum and Vice should not be, as they usually are, the administrators as they usually are, the administrators of processed of the average voter. That man like for Pinchot stands as a rare them. Jay Gould used to grin, when them to take doctrine on faith, and the example of one who acts upon the journalists denounced him as a missionaries can make little progress on the average voter. That them and the form of the average voter. The Japanese research of the average voter. The man like for Pinchot stands as a rare them. Jay Gould used to grin, when them the example of one who acts upon the journalists denounced him as a missionaries can make little progress on the average voter. The man like for them. Jay Gould used to grin, when them. Jay Gould used to grin, when discouraged. When man like for Pinchot stands as a rare them. Jay Gould used to grin, when them. Jay Gould used to grin, when them the lease to take doctrine on faith, and the Anglo-Saxon crossed the sense has failed in no crisis, since the missionaries can make little progress on the provincing them that their progress on the provincing them the reason of them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when the provincing them. Jay Gould used to grin, when t

Boy Treated by an Coulist With out Rollef - But New He Is Well,

"When my little boy was three mouth old his eyes became very sore and he was almost blind. I took him to an oculiet who treated him for six months, and left him as bad as he was at the beginning. Finally Hord's Sareaparilla was reended and I began giving it to him. In less than three weeks he was able to go into the sun without covering his eyes, and today his eyes are perfectly well, and his cars and nose, which were badly affected, are also well. Hood's Sarsaparilla has certainly done wonders for my boy." MRS. JAMES H. PAINTER, Amador, California. Remember

# Sarsaparilla Is the One Purifier. All druggists. \$1.51x for \$5. Get Hood's

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take

based upon a low and singular misconception of human life. Why the Creator, who governs the course of events, permits the Roman Catholics to prevail in Japan, up to the present time, is a matter which should be well considered by the Protestant missionaries.

There has been some intimation that the Japanese government may establish Christianity as the State religion, for "business reasons." This, of seemed to prevail. When the reporte course, will not be done. Mr. Ran- produced a copy of the article reprintsome declared that "the Japanese man has no strong religious convictions of apparent in his every movement. If, any sort." If this is true, a religion after perusing the headlines of the arin the interests of commerce, might be ticle, the Norna's commander felt any established, though it would have hardly a precedent for it in history.

Canon Taylor, one of the leading men, in the English Church Missionary Society, sad that the members of a certain caste in India, were prohibited, by their caste rules, from eating certain food. When they were informed that by the adoption of Christlanity, there would be no restrictions this way; "Why should I toil from year upon their eating, they adopted Christianity at once, and were returned as converts by the local missionary. A good man asked an African traveller whether the King of Dahomey would take dred per cent what I have invested in Christianity and he replied: "The old it? I take so much stock, get rid of rascal will take anything he can put his hands on."

The Japanese will not "take" Christianity, as a business venture, nor profit in really improving the condi- phans buy your stock, and will lose in would it be to the advantage of Christ-

But the openness of this intelligent people to the discussion of all things without prejudice is one of the most singular events in the history of men.

## THE PRESIDENT'S RESPONSI-BILITY.

It is not the Flag waving, but the serious Americans, who realize the bur-den of responsibility that rests upon United States Government," contin-President McKinley in dealing with the vague question of expansion. He is, under the Constitution, the Execu-tive, the enforcer, not of his own will, yachtsman without a character? I am but the will of the people. He has consought to ascertain that will. There ago I had an altercation with one of s no election through which it can to at present be distinctly expressed, and finally in the matter being left to the he is left to ascertain it by watching ers' Association. They vindicated me and summing up public sentiment. after a ten days' session in New York. This sentiment crystallizes slowly in the minds of fourteen millions of voters, who have different interests, who are not used to suddenly taking up and settling novel questions. It is no easy task to ascertain the will of the majority, when, as the wise men say, it is not reason, but habit and customs which govern us. The President has no divine gift, but discovers the drift of public thought as other men discover it, and he is liable to error as they are. In a democracy, the chief is the target at which all the arrows of intolerance fly, and if the statements of partisans are true, the United States never had a chief executive who was wise or honest. The President may be in error in the course which he is taking towards the Filipinos. But he is the pilot now of the Ship of State, the anxious Palinurus of port for some time and everyone will the legend in Virgil, who, is ever faithful.

"And clinging to the helm Holds fast and fixes his eye upon the

stars."

The policy of expansion is a move in the dark, and it may be, and probably is, a wise one within limitations. whom have not been over successful in dealing with their own domestic John Waterhouse, Frank Armstrong affairs, but feel quite competent to

But the salvation of the Republic lies in the final domination of the good

# Almost Blind WEAVER'S CAREER

(Continued from Page 1.)

ARRESTED ON HIS RETURN.

Weaver returned to New York and on June 20th, 1896, was arrested by detectives. An order had been issued to arrest him on sight. He was known to the police from previous affairs, for, according to the records, Weaver, then known as Frank Wilson, alias James W. Clark and Ward, had been arrestd in 1888 charged with swindling a Chicago woolen firm. He escaped this predicament at the time, but the police did not forget him. The Boston newspaper said it had lost \$6,000 through his operations, and wanted to prosecute him, but after three days' mprisonment he was released. Once free again he went on with his 'ex-plorations' on his yacht, which was fitted up with small arms and two rapid-fire guns.

"The yacht touched at many points in the States, England and the Continent, where the 'Commodore' always lived at the best clubs and pursued his pet amusements. The Norna carried the flag of the Atlantic Yacht Club of New York, of which organization Mr. Weaver was at one time a member."

When an Advertiser reporter called on board the Norna last evening everything was as shipshape as on any other vessel in the harbor, barring the two policemen huddled away forward to keep out of the drivel of rain that comed at sundown.

When in response to Commodore Weaver's invitation the reporter sat down in the Norna's luxurious cabin the same serenity as existed on deck ed above and invited Commode nervousness he certainly did not show it by the slightest movement. He lit an Egyptian cigarette taken from a curious and rare silver case and carefully read the story of his exploits from beginning to end.

When he had finished, he handed it. back to the reporter with the words. "Well, what do you want of me."

Upon being assured that there was no desire on the part of the Advertiser to take an unfair advantage of him and that if he wished to deny any of the statements contained in the article his denial would be printed, he said: "I most emphatically do that; the article is false from beginning to end. I am a member in good standing of the Atlantic Yacht Club-not the New York Yacht Club-as has been incorrectly published, and I have my ere-dentials with me. In Japan it was re-ported that I was the Commodore of the New York Yacht Club. This merely to show you how absurd the papers are, for everyone in the civilized world knows that Pierpont Morgan is the commodore of that famous club. I have never represented myself to be other than I am. I am no gambler. I have never played poker in my life. Stay—I did play poker. I had forgotten. It was at the reception of a Russian prince in Japan—a diplomat, I've forgotten his name. I remember now, it was at the believe the stage of the was a 'two-bit limit'—a trifle with the ladies at the tables after dinner. I did break my invariable rule then. But as for gambling on board my yacht, it is something I never allow.

tinued the Commodore, "allowing me to fly a flag which is entitled to a salute as great as any foreign minister. arbitration of the American Publish-

"When a New York Sun or Telegran reporter in New York scratches his head for space-work he digs up some files to find out where the Norna and Weaver are. He finds them-no matter where, any part of the world—and in goes a fairy tale concerning my ca-

"Just why newspaper men should pick me out for a subject I am at a loss to know. I mind my own business. I pay my bills. I entertain on my vessel and refuse all invitations Grover Cleveland was a guest aboard my yacht for some time off the Atlantic coast. I was president for many years of one of the largest news companies in the States, and I am in ession of all the proofs nec

"I am a man of the world," he con-cluded. "My life is honorable and my actions above board. I shall write immediately to my friend, Consul Mc-Ivor, at Yokohama, to see who the real have a chance to know and see me.

# College Athletic Club.

A movement is on foot among college men in Honolulu to organize z college athletic club. The first thing the proposed organization expects to take up will be American inter-collegiate football after which will come baseball and field sports.

Clarence Cook, W. H. Babbitt. and others are interested in the new athletic project. The gentlemen expect to effect a permanent organization in time for the fall football season.

# Consul Ho Yow's Gigantic Project

Oriental Emperor to Give Especia Trade Privileges to Americans to Keep Out Europeans.

One of the largest commercial and industrial movements of the world is now receiving the serious consideration of a number of Chinese and American capitalists of San Francisco. Reference has been made to it once or twice in the press, but the imfully explained or generally understood. The proposition is the formation of a United States and China trading company, the scope of which will reach into every branch of the industries of the two great nations. Meetings looking to the creation of such an organization are being hel frequently, the capital in San Francisc as well as in the East and China is be coming interested.

The first public notice of this move ment was issued by Ho Yow, the Con sul Generol of China in 'Frisco, wh sent out a number of circulars to the commercial bodies of that city, the East and in China. The representa-tive of the Flowery Kingdom has always distinctly stated that his acts in this matter were unofficial, but for al this his broadmindedness has been sions only on the net proceeds of the criticized by those either ignorant of various pursuits hereinbefore menhis purpose or fearful for personal reationed and not on the gross, as sons. In his unofficial communication Ho Yow says:

"China, territorially considered, almost a terra incognita, yet with her comparatively undeveloped resources, her 400,000,000 of population, a progressive Government and a desire to obtain all the advantages of Western civilization, a most inviting field is offered for American capital, enterprise and ingenuity. European nations have not been slow to recognize and take advantage of these opportunities and have sought to obtain large territorial

concessions.
"The United States Government has always maintained a passive attitude and has in consequence a material advantage that other nations lack. One who, follows the daily trend of events and is conversant with the aggressive counts should not be approved, and I so recommend, subject to the court's tages that may accrue to the advantages. tages that may accrue to the citizens of the United States through the liberal non-interference policy of this Government."

This quotation is the key to the situation. A gentleman recently returned from China states that the powers that be in that country have recognized the necessity of becoming one of the rec ognized civilized nations of the world —or be chopped up territorially and parceled out among the powers of Euown power and resources is impossible, and a strong ally is necessary. America is China's only hope, but the alli-ance must be commercial and not political. Ho Yow in his address refers

States and China trading company with a capital of from five to ten million dollars, with a general charter Porto Rico during the same time ing American products into China; establish branch houses in every treaty port of China; arrange for and accept contracts for the construction of rail-ways, building of steamships, warships or other vessel for the Chinese each and every opportunity that may appear to afford a profitable outcome."

From reliable sources it is learned that while the proposition of the Consul General is unofficial, it has the sanction of the high powers of China. With this backing such a company could secure and absorb every fran-chise and concession within the gift of the Chinese Government and the granting of these concessions to such an organization as contemplated would be sufficient excuse for the Chinese Govsumment refusing requests or demands for the same from the grasping powers of Europe. With these interests vested in America the United States would be obliged to protect the rights of its citizens—and China knows this. The general plan of organization is

ortion shares in the company to merchants, capitalists and corporations at various points. This would naturalprevent centralization of the con pany in any section of the United States, but would make the whole nation a party to any infringement upon the interests and rights held by its citizens in the Orient. It is stated that the project is being advanced among other capitalists than those of San Francisco. That it is favorably considered there is manifest by the meetings of some of the prominent ousiness men of the community, who at present claim to be "only discussing and talking over the subject."

is certain that Ho Yow has excited more than a passing interest, for those of any year excepting the years whenever there is a gathering of this sort men representing unlimited capital are to be found present. So far no results have obtained, as the interest-

ance that the Government of China ance that the Government of China will back the company with capital and all the power she commands, if they will start the ball to rolling on that side of the Pacific Ocean.

Mix Up on Union Square. There was a great mix up of rigs and a street car on King street, just in front of the Judiciary building yesterday afternoon. A Chinaman drove towards an advancing car with a load of hay and his horse, becoming frightened, turned short around, ran into one hack which collided into another while the car serenely ran into the bunch. About this time a horse hitched to a private rig passing along became unmanageable and ran away. but was stopped before going many blocks. No material damage was done

9	
ď	Following are the overcharges for commissions:
	On rebates from bills
	turned 919 50
	& Co 250 00
e	On interest rebate from Bishop & Co
- n	Total\$647 70 Commissions overcharged, \$32.38.
n ll	And if the court should hold that the administrator is entitled to commis-

charged, then in that case I find a further overcharge of commissions amounting to \$1,316.97. The administrator has charged Balance due the adminis-

trator .....\$4,537 95 Balance, as per administra-if ordered surcharged ..... 1,349 35

Balance of account, if my contention is correct..\$3,065 97 Aside from the foregoing, I know of

This report is respectfully submit-ed, HENRY SMITH, Honolulu, September 21, 1899.

OUR ISLAND TRADE.

is a Great Increase of Exports and Imports.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10 .- The War Department made public today a staterope, which means its annihilation as Department made public today a state-a nation. To accomplish this by its ment of the trade between the United States and all of her colonies under military control, and with Cuba as well, for the seven months of 1899 ending July 31, making comparison with the year 1898. The exports from to San Francisco as the natural dis-tributing center of the trade of the Pa-en months were \$14,116,993 in 1899, cific Ocean, and "toward this point against \$4,485,937 in 1898. The immust converge the greater part of the trade that will eventually be developed between China • • and this 1899, against \$12,474,770 in 1898. The exports from the United States to Por-His proposition is to form a United to Rico for the seven months were \$2,states and China trading company 298,221 in 1899, against \$569,110 in 1898. The imports into United States from which will permit of the most exten- \$3,379,944 in 1899, against \$2,253,800 in which will be field of operations, the scope of sive field of operations, the scope of which will be determined by the instance of states to the Philippines from Januvestors. Its purpose is to deal as direct purchaser or agent in the natural against \$65,736 in 1898. The imports educated Japanese know more about H. E. Cooper, president of the Board lucts or manufactured articles of into the United States from the Phileach country with a view of introduc- ippines for the same period were \$3,-274,134 in 1899, against \$2,288,775 in

The trade of the United States with the various islands when stated months shows a marvelous growth of our commerce. The growth of exports Government or private concerns; to by months has been very gratifying in form and promote special syndicates, all the islands, and especially so in the etc., and "in fact the aim of the company shall be to take advantage of each and every opportunity that may specially so in the entire each and every opportunity that may shall be to take advantage of each and every opportunity that may shall be to take advantage of each and every opportunity that may shall be to take advantage of each and every opportunity that may shall be to take advantage of each and every opportunity that may shall be to take advantage of each and every opportunity that may be every gratifying in lity. Thus it is seen that Japan is each every gratifying in lity. Thus it is seen that Japan is every ev chandise exported from the United States to Cuba than is shown by the first seven months of 1899 were the years 1892, 1893 and 1894. If the same ratio is maintained until the end of the year the imports into Cuba from the United States will be larger than the exports from the United States to that island in any fiscal year in the entire history of the trade between this country and Cuba.

The imports into the United States from Cuba from January 1 to July 31, 1899, were greater than the corresponding imports for either of the entire fiscal years 1897 and 1898; if the same

The imports from Porto Rico into the United States for the first seven months of 1899 were larger than those of any of the preceding entire fiscal years since 1890, excepting 1893, while the exports to Porto Rico for the first largely made up of this sort of "Chrisseven months of 1899 have been exceeded only by three of the fiscal years

As far as the exports from the United States to the Philippines are con-cerned for the first seven months of this year under American occupation they are larger than those of any previous year in our history. Not only this, but they are more than double

ed parties state, but it is certain that if the project had no extraordinary inducements the capitalists would waste but little time with it. The statement has been made that the moneyed men in Man Francisco have received assurtions of all three offices. During the temporary absence of H

# Extract From "Japan in Transition."

Japanese Have no Strong Religious Convictions of Any Sort-Shintolam Buffices for Them.

The following is an extract from Mr. Stafford Ransome's book on "Japan in

The early missionaries succeeded in winning over many thousands of the people to Christianity, for they were greatly attracted to the religion of the foreigners who could do so many won-derful things. But the rivalry between Protestant and Catholic sects soon followed. The Protestants at first were able to convince the natives that the Catholics were not Christians, and were merely, under the guise of Christianity, plotting against the state. After much massacring and banishing of the Catholics, the natives learned that both sects were Christians, and quick-ly came to the conclusion that if one had treasonable designs, both had such purposes. From that day Christianity lost its hold upon Japan, never to recover it, although the Government was later forced to concede treaty ports was fater forced to concede treaty ports and receive the foreigners in great numbers. Many large missionary schools were established after the opening of these ports, and they were crowded with pupils. It looked as if Japan had again made up its mind to accept Christianity. But, no. The Jap-anese attended these schools in their eagerness to learn the English lan-

guage. Now the intelligent Japanese has a highly developed desire to avoid hurting people's feelings, and when he goes to these schools he makes no objection to being called a Christian for the time being. He does this with a respect that an atheist observes on entering a church edifice. But when he lays his books aside and leaves the school, he thinks no more of being a Christian as a matter of course. Again, when a Japanese is traveling in Europe or America, his instinct of adapting himself to circumstances never fails to assert itself in a conspicuous manner. To all appearances he is a "Christian" until he returns home. The Japanese professor or other experienced adviser will say to the young man starting his journey: "You had better buy a Bible, and go to church when you are away; it may make things easier for you, and can not do any harm." This traveler looks upon the possession of a Bible as a sort of passport to protect him from danger in the West. The Englishman or American is inclined to look upon such pretense as contemptible, but the Japanese feels that it is perfectly

But it must be borne in mind that the Japanese man has no strong religious convictions of any sort. Many of the educated classes have as much knowledge of Christianity as they have of Buddhism, the rudiments of the Christian faith being much simpler than those of the other, and the rush for modern education having elbowed out many of the opportunities offered in the old days for profound religious

study. Shintoism, which many foreign authorities hold to be no religion at all, suffices for the requirements of the ordinary Japanese today. A man worships his ancestors presumably for having brought into the world so perfect a specimen of humanity as him-self, and the satisfaction and self-assertion such a faith begets help to hold families and the nation together: but this sort of faith does not amount

Christianity than the half-educated missionaries who go there: but along with their study of this subject they have carefully read the materialistic writings of John Stuart Mill, Auguste Comte, and other such philosophers which goes to prove that they are aft er the practical, money-making knowl edge in the West and not its spiritualpoor soil for any sort of new religion: selves and so eager to advance their material welfare that the moment is not opportune for spiritual innova-

"It is difficult to estimate the number of Christians in Japan, but it is safe to say there is not one in every 100,000 of the population, the statistics of the missionaries to the contrary notwithstanding. Without impugning the good faith of the missionaries it may be said that they often take natives for Christians who appear to acquiesce with them in conversation on religious subjects. Nine cases in ten a native will do this, if he knows the foreigner to whom he is talking has pronounced views on Christianity. Unratio is maintained for the remainder of this year, the imports into this country from Cuba will exceed \$32,000,-000 and be more than double those of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898. be put in the returns as Christians. It is to be presumed, then, that the re-turns of "Japanese Christians" made from time to time to European and American missionary societies are

But with the spread of education the Japanese are now getting tired of pre tending to be Christians, which, afte all, is doubtless the best thing for Christianity, for the genuine convert will then become known. The growth of education among the lower classes has taught them that baptism carrie with it obligations which they ar averse to discharging. Consequent! many of the large missionary school in the country are now either empty or are conducted under purely secular

C. Castendyk, who returned from the Mainland on the last steamer, leaves for his home at Kailua by the Mauna Log. He is in charge of the Hackfeld store at that point.

## TO TONE UP THE SYSTEM AGAINST OPPRESSIVE HEAT

# "I Consider it Unequaled"

Mr. Edwin Bright of Brisbane, Queensland, gives this strong testi-



both in the United States and through out Australia whenever I have felt the need of a tonic. As a remedy for loss to tone up the system to withstand the oppressive heat and sudden changes I consider it unequaled."

For constitution take Dr. Ayer's Pills. They pre-mptly relieve and surely cure. Take then with Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla; one aids the other

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Hamakua, Hawaii, has had a downpour of rain within the last two weeks. S. C. Allen is booked to leave for the Coast some time in the first part of

Pioneer. Walaius Agr Co, are. Punahou College and all the schools of the town are now crowded to their full capacity.

Miss Yarrow of San Francisco is to be the lady assistant to the paster of the Central Union Church. City Editor Towse of this paper is

to be married on the 27th and will return to his desk about October 15th. Samples of sugar produced from the first grinding of the Kona plantation mill are on exhibition at McChesney

The Hilo lawyers in town are be-People's Ice & Residence
Bowns.

claw's Gov't 5 per ct.

Haw'n G. Post Savings. wailing the fact that the Supreme Court cannot hear their cases until

argument in the Rooke case is over. Mrs. A. Wilhoit, formerly of San Jose, came down on the Nippon Maru to join her husband here, who is em-ployed in the office of B. F. Dilling-ham.

The many friends of John Phillips, the popular plumber, who has been in-disposed for several days, will regret to hear that he was seriously ill last night. Justice Whiting is suffering with

rheumatism in the knee but manages

to attend to his Supreme Court duties and a cane. Gus Schuman keeps on hand always full line of Studebaker farm wagons, lumber wagons, delivery spring wag-ons and plantation and contractors'

dump carts. P. Soule, a member of the Hilo base ball team, came over on the Helene last night with the Stars. He will be

H. E. Cooper, president of the Board of Health, by which Luella S. Cleve-land, M.D., has been appointed as examining physician for girls in the Ho-

Asked—American Sugar Co., assessable, \$90; American Sugar Co., paid up, \$135; Ewa, \$27.50; Hawalian Agricultural, \$326; Hawalian Sugar, \$225; Kahuku, \$185; Kihel, \$5.25; Kipahulu, tural, \$326; Hawalian Sugar, \$225; Ka-huku, \$185; Kihei, \$5.25; Kipahulu, \$120; Koloa, \$225; Kona, \$30; Mauna-lei, \$30; McBryde, assessable, \$3.85; McBryde, pald up, \$20; Nahiku, 80; Oahu, assessable, \$160; Oahu, pald up, \$201; Ookala, \$22; Olaa, 40; Pacific \$302.50; Pepeekeo, \$225; Pioneer, \$260; nolulu public schools. The funeral of the late J. C. Strow has been postponed until Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, to allow the large number of his friends on the Island steamers to attend it. The body was embalmed by Ed. A. Williams immediately after death.

Henry St. Goar, the San Francisco stock-broker, accompanied by his wife, will leave for Kahului, Maui, by the next steamer. Mr. St. Goar will make a week's stop for the purpose of personally acquainting himself with the workings of Hawalian Commercial & Outside Sales Reported—Twenty Oahu, \$204; 70 Kihei, \$5.37½.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

# AND Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below men tioned:

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA: FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

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For general information apply to

H. HAOKFELD & OC., L'd. Mai Only the highest grade of RRD RUB-

# President and Mrs. Dole will remove to their Walkiki residence tomorrow The Elgin for a several months' stay. No bond in the Norna bottomry bond case had been filed at 4:30 p. m. yes-terday in the Circuit Court.

WORLD'S STANDARD

POR TIME KEEP

Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered The Elgin is the most mainfactory of American Watches.

Cased in ....

ing the Elgin Watch.

Harper's Weekly of September 9 contains an illustrated article on the eruption of Mauna Loa, by A. P. Taylor, photos by Le Munyon.

The steamer Kinau will sail from Honolulu for Hilo Tuesday, Sept. 26, arriving back Saturday night. Sept. 30.

She will commence her new timetable

"Where is the America Maru?" is what is beginning to be anxiously asked. According to a Yokohama dis-patch she left that port on September

10, and therefore must have met with some mishap on the way.

Wm. H. Marshall, recently convicted of libel in the first degree and sen-

tenced to six months' imprisonment at hard labor, was released from jail yes-

terday afternoon, his attorneys depositing \$1,000 in gold in lieu of a bail bond, pending his appeal to the November term of the Circuit Court.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, H. I., Sept. 21, 1899

930,000 930,000 900,000 900,000 900,000

1,500,00 160,000 \$10,000

1,650,000

2 4 0.00. 1,000,000 600,00

150,000

15,000 25 25 139,000 10 151<sub>5</sub> ... 100 ... 81,000 100 ... 2,100,000 100 45 175 150,000 100 150 2.0

2134

RAME OF STOCK. | Suital Par Bus. Agk

MARCAPTILE.

Olas Sug. Co. Ld. a-s pd. up

U B 0 .....

Session Sales Morning Session— One hundred and sixty-three Olaa, 30; 10 Oahu, \$198.50; 15 Hawaiian Sugar Co., \$224; 45 McBryde, \$3.80; 50 Waia-

Afternoon Session—Two hundred Olaa, 30; 50 Waialua, \$165; 50 Kihei,

Outside Sales Reported—Thirteen

HAWAIIAN STOCK EXCHANGE,

Govt. 6 per cent, \$102; Hawaiian Govt.

5 per cent, \$100; Hawaiian Govt. P. S. 4½ per cent, \$95; O. R. & L. Co., \$106.

Waimea, \$125; Wilder S. S. Co., \$130; Inter-Island S. N. Co., \$155; Hawaiian Electric Co., \$290; Honolulu R. T. & L.

Co., \$30; Kona-Kau T. & T. Co., \$32; Honolulu Brewing & Malting Co., \$10. Session Sales—Eighty-five Kihei,

Honolulu, H. I., Sept. 21, 1899.

Pioneer, \$255. Quotation Changes—Forty-sever

\* 3 17-20.

\$5.25; 6 Oahu, \$195.

about Oct. 2.

## NICKLE, SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

> ELGINS reach us right. ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in push-

# H.F.WICHMAN

BOX 342.

# TIME TABLE S. S.JKINAU.

MOLOKAI, MAUI, HAWAII. NOTICE CHANGE IN SAILING OF STEAMER KINAU.

Commencing on or about October 2nd, next, the steamer Kinau will sail for Kaunakakai, Lahaina, Maalaea Bay, Kihei, Makena, Kawaihae, Ma-hukona, Laupahoehoe and Hilo, as follows:

Leaving Honolulu at 1 p. m. on Mondays, Fridays and Wednesday, arriving at Hilo the following afternoons. Leaving Hilo at 2 p. m. on Wednes-days, Mondays and Fridays, arriving at Honolulu the following evening. Freight will be received at Honolulu

at the Kinau wharf on the day previous to sailing and on sailing days up to 12 m., for Makena, Kawaihae, Hilo, Papaikou, Pepeekeo and Honomu. Freights for Lahaina, Kihel and Ma-

hukona and from Kawaihae and Makena will be taken by the steamer Kilauca Hou, sailing from Honolulu on Mondays at 5 p. m. The Kinau will not take freight for ports other than those indicated above.

# S. S. CLAUDINE, CAMERON, Master. 1070

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 5 p. m., touching at Lahaina, Kahu-lui, Nahiku, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, touches at above named ports, arriving at Hono-

lulu Sunday mornings. Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each

# S. S. LEHUA,

BENNETT, Marter.

MOLOKAI, MAUI, LANAI.

Sails every Monday for Kaunakakai, Hid—Ewa, \$26.50; Hawaiian Agricul-tural, \$305; Hawaiian Sugar, \$222; Ho-nokaa, \$33; McBryde, \$3.75; Oahu, \$195; Olaa, .30; Pioneer, \$254; Mutual Telephone, \$15.25; Mahaka Coffee Co., pald up, \$152.50. Bonds—Hawaiian Kamalo, Maunalel, Kataupapa, Lahai-na, Honolua, Olowalu. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Saturday mornings.

This company reserves the right te make changes in the time of depart. ure and arrival of its steamers WITH-OUT NOTICE, and it will not be sponsible for any consequences arising herefrom

Consignees must be at the Landings to receive their Freight; this Company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed. Live Stock received only at owner's

This Company will not be responsinie for Money or Valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of Pursers. Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent. The Company will not be lieb; for loss of, nor injury to, nor delay in, the

delivery of baggage or personal effects of the passenger beyond the amount of \$100.00, unless the value of the asme be declared, at or before the issue of the ticket, and freight is paid thereon.

All employees of the Company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a subming results therefore.

livering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be seen by shippers up-on application to the pursers of the

on application to the pursers of the Company's steamers.
Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such receipt, it will be solely at the risk of the shipper. C. L. WIGHT,

President.

S. B. ROSE.

CAPT. T. K. CLARKE,

<del>?+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+</del> Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Water Closets, Sinks, Hot Water Tanks, Radiators, Tile and General Supplies.

Write for our estimate on anything

you need. We buy all our material at Sheriffs', Receivers', Trustees' and Assignees' Sales. Our Prices are One-fialf of Others. Write for free Catalogue No. 23 on all kinds of merchandise.

CHICAGO HOUSE WRECKING CO. Mile and Irea Sto., CHICAGO,

# Hawaiian Colony Doubled Up that the actual state of the operators recognize the language and think the With Changes in Temperature.

# EXPOSITION ATTENDANCE COOD

How Johnny Wilson Fixed Western Union-Ringing Brothers Great Circus and Other Sights.

(Staff Correspondence.)

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 8.—The members of the local Hawaiian colony have been doubled up like jack-knives by the violent range of temperature lately, This is Friday. On Tuesday last the highest shown by the thermometer was 99 above. The next day was nearly as bad, but on Thursday it came on cloudy, there was a heavy rain, and the dy, there was a heavy rain, and the mercury ran down to a registration of 57 above. Mr. Logan was compelled to sing to keep himself warm. His vocal efforts did not lose him any friends, as he has succeeded in establishing himself quite firmly. The natives in the village sighed at once for the Islands. The Hawaiians for a long time have been Counting the days thit the ending of the exposition. There the ending of the exposition. There is some likelihood, however, that the musicians and dancers may fill some engagements in the East after completing their contracts here. There is talk too, of the exposition management securing the Hawaiians to appear in public places on the grounds each evening as a companion attraction to the Bellstedt band, which has been re-engaged to remain to the end of the show.

The exposition people are feeling in better spirits today than for many They have just made the sale The exposition company paid but \$18,-900 for the property. An advantageous sale of the waterworks plant has also been made. This gives the exposition people a goodly quantity of cash with which to advertise East and West, for the engagement of features and encouragement of excursions, Much better attendance and from greater distances, is anticipated for the rest of this month and all of next.

Mr. Logan and myself have been entertained handsomely by the Ganymede Bicycle Club, an organization of the leading young men of Council Bluffs. They gave us an evening that reminded us of home. It included a rup to Lake Manawa, a fine bathing Here we had boat-riding and swimming. On return to town there was a jinks in the club. The writer found an old school friend in Council Bluffs in the person of Postal Clerk Lane, of the Union Pacific run west. The Ganymede Club has made the Hawailan representatives honorary members. Lane and the boys have put us down for a picuic and a couple of hops. ED. TOWSE.

At the end of the first week of the third month of the exposition the prospects for a fine finale are much better han ever before. They have their political nghts in the various boards and committees every day, but between, or in the midst of the rows something is done to forward the interests of the enterprise. They are now spending considerable money for advertising and some intelligent effort in this line is seen. The railways are at last beginning to do their share. This week there have been two excursions of editors and many men of both the parties have been interested in the Islands. They ask many questions and the public men with whom I have conversed have spoken of W. O. Smith as having been elected to be the first delegate in Congress from the Islands

In the Press building here one may have access to several hundred of the principal newspapers of the country. The most noteworthy thing to me in them is the opposition of a number of Republican papers to imperialism, but line before the next campaign opens. To me the importance of Bryan as a political factor seems overestimated for the reason that he leaves no trail. He is never heard excepting when he

I saw the big Labor Day parade here on the 4th inst., and was surprised that it was not big at all. The labor leaders are after the prizes just the same as the vote-getters and the job-chasers. The carpenters had the heaviest representation in the column. The painters, bakers and blacksmiths came next in the order given. There were hardly any printers. Railroad employes were not seen at all, and there are sixteen railways running into this There are half a dozen great packing-houses here, but none of their packing-houses here, but none of their employes were parading. The plumb ers were in carriages. This was really laughable. I am not saying that or-ganized labor is weak or puny, but we down in the Islands have not understood just how big a row a few people could make in this great country.

company were ill on account of the heat and overwork that performances could not be given. Business was resumed this evening. Ben Jones was quite sick for a couple of days, but is all right again.

Western Union Telegraph Company a trick, and he naturally refuses to teach it. John was in Chicago a few days ago and sent a telegram to one of the Hawaiians. He so handled the words that the actual sixty-four sent country of the morning with \$2,young man is using a cipher.

The head of the department that sup The head of the department that supplies the exposition grounds with 64,000 electric lights is "Harry" Rustin, aged 32. He is the brightest young American in this section. Mr. Rustin was this day engaged to take charge of the lighting for the Pan-American Exposition to be given at Buffalo, N. Y., next year. The Pan-American will be the closest approach to a Paris fair

that this country has ever seen. Ringling Brothers' Circus, the great est that ever traveled, gave two per-formances here this week to audiences Dewey reception. The company had altogether 500 horses and 60 small po-nies. Of course, the menagerie was

most realistic style, "The Strike of the Musicians." Nearly everybody was fooled. At first the men refused to play, standing up in their places in making speeches. Finally they did a little work in a half-hearted manner, Then they commenced to walk away. The police actually offered to inter-fere. The audience took sides, imagining the break to be in dead earnest. In time Bellstedt was left alone and announced that to satisfy the audience that had gathered he would give a few cornet selections. He started up "Anto the Chicago Wrecking Company, of all the buildings at a figure of \$59,000. a ballad. At the end of a few bars the whole band came marching back play-ing "Annie Laurie" and the crowd simply went wild.

Messrs. Lomax and Darlow of the Union Pacific, who have done so much to promote tourist travel to the Isl-ands, will not cease. They have faith in their plans and firmly believe that a large number of people from this sec tion will visit the group if the possi bilities and pleasures are made clear Mr. Logan and myself have been in vited to a conference on the subject. We have been questioned pretty closely already and I expect there is much more yet to answer.

Dudley Smith, secretary of the ex position, has promised to visit the Islands next winter, and we are urging Dr. Geo. L. Miller, the president, to come along. ED. T.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 6, 1899.

Honolulu is the capital and commercial center of the Hawaiian Islands The business methods are a combination of American, English, German and Oriental with a distinctive local tinge or coloring. The country has a million dollars of its own issue of silver coined in 1883. Colonel Claus Spreckels furnished this and had the seigniorage and a percentage for profit. But finances are on the gold basis, with the United States yellow utterances as

standard. At the bank you have two accounts and gold is always one per cent premium; and foreign exchange, with the one and a half per cent. The banks are: Bishop & Company, pioneer and O. Smith, who appeared for the Koeagerly accept literature. I must say that Hawaii has just about lost her old private; Claus Spreckels, Wm. G. identity. There is not one man in 500 Irwin owner, private; Bank of Hawaii, but what thinks that the republic has limited, a corporation one year old; come a new territory. A number of First American Bank, just established and to be the first national; Yokohama Specie Bank, branch of the big con- ering the waterfront from the fish cern; Bishop & Company Savings, ponds at the head of the river to Cobranch of town firm; a second Japanese bank, rival of Yokohama Specie; Postal Savings Bank, government.
Then there are several building and to procure considerable frontage on the loan associations, while a number of harbor from the Government. suppose they will be whipped into the wholesale houses, shipping and plantation agencies have what are cation, but the Council took the matpractically banking departments. There are two big loan, trust and investment companies and a third is forming.

The Chinese, who are a considerable commercial factor, bank with the "foreign" establishments. These latter have men of all nationalities behind the counters and each one has in sight more good coin than I have seen altogether in a tour of the Omaha banks. A Chinese, Japanese or half-caste may attend you in your bank, and all these men are well equipped for their posts. Ho Fon, a Chinese boy with Bishop & two yachts in rough water. La Company, has just been gazetted by Mr. S. M. Damon, head of the house, to sign for the firm.

scale. Operations are of vast propor- a warm one. The Hawaiian village was "dark" tions. A plantation is too big an enter-last evening. So many members of the prise for one man or a small group of men to swing. Hence it is incor-

ever knew who was able to teach the and agencies furnish the hundreds of thousands of dollars required till the LATE NEWS NOTES sugar is shipped and the returns credit-000,000 in cash in sight. All the other banks are also very strong. The newest has a capital of \$1,000,000 and will

Increase it. In Honolulu a man in any business that is a business is never presented New Dungson Discovered Under with an account. The first or second day of the quarter a boy with a package of bills glides quietly into your place, runs over his bundle and throws yours into a box on the counter that is labeled "bills." Along about the end of the first or the beginning of the formances here this week to audiences of 30,000 in the afternoon and 40,006 in the evening. One feature was fifteen trick elephants. Another was John O'Brien's act with sixty-four horses, including Silver King, the horse that cake-walks. You may be sure the town was circus crazy. The opening number was a spectacle: "Uncle Sam Freeing Cuba"; in the scene were 200 horses, 300 men, 6 full bands and enough red light and flags for a Dewey reception. The company had to the government treasury or between the banks.

The men who have money in the islands have faith in the country and its remarkably rich industries, marvelous resources and matchless possibilities. The amount of "outside" capital in the enterprises of the country is absurdly, almost incredibly small. "Absentee landlordism" is not yet a feature. Cane, rice, banana, pineapple and coffee plantations, the scores of sailing vessels and steamers, the fertilizer works, the electric railway, the steam railways, the telephone, the electric light and cold storage plants, the icemaking plant, the rice mills, the various factories, the marine railway, the great iron works and foundries are all owned by men of the islands. "Outside" capital is just beginning to come in. It is "following the flag," commercial and political stability and permanency having been guaranteed when the Stars and Stripes went up on Aug. 12 of last year, and when the United States happily secured the richest, most valuable piece of territory yet attached to the thirteen original colonies.

Hawaii is forging ahead by leaps and bounds. Exports and imports are increasing by millions for the quarters. But it is not a "new" or frontier country. It had a civilization, a culture and a commerce years before any of the trans-Mississippi area was occupied, But there is money to be made there with money.

The business men of the whole country back from the Pacific coast must awaken to realization of the imperial rading empire in the lands in and beyond the great gentle ocean. There out there wanting to buy your products or exchange for them.

President Hawaiian Commission Great er American Exposition, 1899.

# RIVAL RAILWAYS.

After Waterfront Locations in Hilo Harbor.

The meeting of the Executive Council yesterday was taken up with the front terminal on the Hilo harbor. W. hala & Hilo Railway Company, announced that the corporation had acquired a sub-lease from the Walakea Sugar Company of a piece of land on at the Tower of London have discovered a dungeon under the White Tower of London have discovered a dungeon under the White Tower of London have discovered and London have discovered a dungeon under the White Tower of London have discovered and London have coanut Island, and stated that it had been obtained for the protection of the

The Hilo Railway people pressed for ter under advisement.

# ANOTHER VACHT RACE.

Gladys and La Paloma Will Race to Labain and Back

The next yachting event of importance will be the race between La Paloma and the Gladys next Saturday. turn and with our usual channel weather it will be a good test of the comparative sailing qualities of the Paloma has a great advantage in size but Captain Hobron has unbounded confidence in the sea going qualities Financiering in Hawaii is on a large of the Gladys and the race is apt to be

# NOT THE WISEST WAY.

It is not always best to wait until it porated. The system is a success— is needed before buying a bottle of imprisonment at hard labor. such a marked and completely satisfac- Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diartory success that every business of any rhoea Remedy. Quite frequently the On Labor Day there were 25.000 people in attendance on the exposition and all the buildings had crowds and the Midway attractions did big business. These Midway shows correspond, exactly, to the old "booths" that were an adjust to markets and fairs in Ragiand a century or two ago.

Many of them fall to reflect any credit on Omaha or the exposition.

John H. Wilson is the only man I account down there is incorporated, remedy is required in the very busiest fixed the defendant's ball at \$1,000. A

# General Items From All Over the World.

the Old Tower of Lendon-Islumnating Railway Tunns le

Thirty varieties of poplar trees grow

The common earthworm promulgates disease among animals. Lord Kelvin contemplates immedi-

ate retirement from the chair of nat-ural philosophy in the University of Glasgow. A certain kind of paper is made from

seaweed which is so transparent that it may be used as a substitute for glass

An edition of the "Pilgrim's Prog-ress," translated into Chinese, repre-sents Christian with a shaved head and a pigtail.

The female attendants at a Chinese wedding are usually selected for their ugliness, so that the bride's beauty may be enhanced by contrast.

Sir Alexander Armstrong, who has just died, spent no less than five continuous years in the Arctic regions searching for Sir John Franklin.

The Church of Our Savior, in Moscow, is one of the costllest church edifices in the world. Four million dol-lars were spent on its construction. A dispatch from Rome says that the Pope has ordered the fusion of all the

clerical banks in Rome, which will, in future, constitute a single official bank. Rings set with valuable stones should always be taken off when washloosen the settings.

A Russian school has been estab-lished at Peking. Instruction will be given in the Russian language, with a view to the subsequent employment of the students as interpreters and translators in Manchuria

A lady in Columbus, Ohio, refuses to pay for a plano on the ground that the agent forced her to buy it by first prettiest, pleasantest and in every way hypnotizing her. Thirty-four planomost valuable piece of territory yet ateager to employ that agent.

Mr. Eugen d'Albert's new opera, "Cain," will be produced at the Royal Opera House at Berlin next season shortly after Herr Siegfried Wagner's Barenhauter," the first performance of which is fixed for a date in Novem

Graham, despite the world-wide fame of his songs, rarely received over \$10 for his productions, and made a very scanty living. He died destitute.

The subscriptions to the Weslyan Twentieth Century Fund promised throughout British Methodism amount are millions upon millions of people to a total of 662,488 guineas. Of the \$14 circuits all save twelve have definitely stated the minimum sums they will raise, and the total amount so far actually paid in is £71,114 19s. 1d.

It is asserted that liquid air has 20 times the explosive force of dynamite. During experiments at Vienna, in the firing of cannon, the liquid air was exploded by an electric spark, and the results were extremely satisfactory. No heat was developed in the guns, and the range of the projectiles was much increased.

A novel way of illuminating a railway tunnel has been devised in Paris. Reflectors throw the light from many balance of trade not less than \$15,000,000 in favor of the islands, is one and
Hilo Railway Company for a waterHilo Railway Company for a wateragain renecte a soft and agreeable light. The trains automatically turn the current on and off on entering and leaving the tun-

> The workmen who are excavating er to which the entrance seems to have been by a shaft down which the pris oner would be lowered into the cell. The walls reek with moisture, and the floor is covered with mud. The sub-terranean passage was, it is supposed, filled in by the orders of James I., who, after the gunpowder plot, did not like the idea of a subway in such close proximity to the Royal Palace, then standing near the White Tower.

# VOLCANO MAN CONVICTED.

W. H. Marshall Gets Six Months Impresonment for tob !

In the Police Court yesterday morning W. H. Marshall appeared to answer the charge of libel in the first de-The course will be to Lahaina and rethe publication in a sheet called The Volcano of a scurrilous article on the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. The defendant's attorneys demanded a jury trial, which the court ruled as inadmissible under the law relating to District Courts. The prosecution then introduced evidence to prove that the defendant was the author of the libel. The defense put on no witnesses, and after considerable argument by the attorneys on both sides the court sentenced the defendant to six months

> An appeal was at once noted to the Circuit Court, whereupon the court motion to reduce the amount to \$500 was negatived by the court.

H. M. Ayres, one of the witnesses of the case, was imprisoned for three hours for contempt of court in appearing on the witness-stand with a cigar in his mouth.

At midnight Marshall had not succeeded in procuring the necessary ball to secure his release.

Pills.

When an incident like the following occurs here at home it is bound to carry weight with our readers. The public statement of a reputable citizen

public statement of a reputable citisen living in this city leaves no ground for the skeptic to stand on.

Mr. James C. Stevens, of this city, informs us: "I was troubled with an ache in the small of my back for a long time, and such was the condition of things until I tried some of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, which I obtained at the Hollister Drug Co.'s store. A short treatment gave me the desired relief, and I am satisfied that they are a good remedy for backache and deserve to be recommended." and deserve to be recommended.

Mr. Stevens is one of our own cit-izens. Is not such testimony stronger than that of someone living in Amer-

Does your back or side ache so that it is hard to stand straight? Do you have headaches, nervousness, frequent thirst, hot dry skin, or shortness o breath? Evil forebodings, or unsettled sleep? Are yous eyelids distended or feet and ankles swollen and have you lost flesh? Are the secretions from the kidneys thick, dark colored, and do they deposit a sediment? Kidney dis-ease is insidious and if you have any of these symptoms you should treat them at once. Delay may mean you can't be cured.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all chemists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co, Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawalian

Colton Clayton, who was injured several weeks ago by falling over a pile of sewer pipe on Alakea street, is still suffering severely from the accident. He is confined to his rooms at ing the hands, for the constant use of soap is apt to discolor the gems and street.

# Down Again

flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest

market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

# The writer of "Two Little Girls in Blue" and other popular songs has died in a New York hospital. Charles

When you want the Best Hay Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

# CALIFORNIA FEED Co.

TELEPHONE 121.

# GIVEN AWAY!

OR NEARLY SO.

For a few days, I will sell the LOOSENS THE PHLEON IMMEDIATELY. famous "Nye's" Sperm Oil at 10 Cents a bottle.

Will Not Gum Your Machine.

.. F. Prescott Fort Street, near Hotel.

Dealer in Sewing Wachines.

Castle & Cooke LIMITED.

LIFE AND FIRE

AGENTS FOR New England Mutual Life Insurance & OF BOSTON.

EINO FILE INSULANCE COMPORT OF HARTFORD

# Talks of Donn's Backache Kidney Nothing So Bracing

Everyone enjoys it; your health depends upon it. You can just as well have it as your prudent neighbor. Old and young alike endorse it.

# DISINFECTINE

With the heat of summer comes the foul and disease producing air from the cesspool, vault and celiar. You must be on your guard against the accumulation of trash, garbage, etc.; It is dangerous to have around.

# INSURES

No skill is required to have the air about your home pure. The cost is trifling and effect is wonderful. Disinfectine as prepared by us will serve the

# PURE

We have it prepared in quantities to supply any or all demands. We will deliver to your home, if within the city limits, a trial bottle at 25 cents. Don't neglect to order a bottle at once.

# AIR.

Those who are familiar with the article order it by the gallon, which proves beyond all doubt that it is the

Manufactured only by



# POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH. A LL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNISHED COLOR RENE BY Its money and throughout the world indicates its inestimable value.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS

Langut, Baccon, Req., the embent actor I think it an invaluable medicine for member profession, and have always recommended broker and sever crists.

Mr. Thomas Scowes, Chemies, Lincollo, Octobes, writes - Singularly, I have commence fre-acount year in business to-day I remember to the gridge me pour Balaam for coughe and early 24 years ago. My obest and voice are as a tabell now.

SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH See the words "Thomas Pot ell. Blackfriare Road, London," on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations. Established 1824, SQUATTERS and FARMERS WHEN ORDER ING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT UNIT THIS TIME-HONOURED COUGH REMELY, DOWELL'S BALSAN OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTRMA, IMPLUENZA, &c. SOLD BY CHEMISTS and STOREKEEPERS
THROUGHOUT the AUSTRALIAN, NEW
TRALAND, and CAPE COLONIES. Bottles In. 11d., In. Bd., and 4. 61.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands:
HOLLISTER DRUG CO., L'B.
BENSON, SMITH & CO.
HOBRON DRUG CO.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY The Pamous Tourist Route of the World.

Is Consection With the Canadian-Australian
Steamship Line Tickets Are Ispued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver Tichets to All Points in Japan. China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD., Agents Constian-Austrarian S. S. Line. Conadian Pacific Rallway.

# Called to Meet in London Next Year.

Fourth Congress of the Chambers of Con merce of the British Empire and Its Score.

The London Chamber of Commerce has sent the following circular to owner of and entitled in fee to twocommercial associations throughout the Empire:

The Council of the London Chamber of Commerce, who were responsible for the organization of the three Confor the organization of the three Con-gresses of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire held in 1886, 1892, and 1896, have recently decided to proceed with the organization of a similar congress to be held towards the end of June next year. This date is selected as likely to be suitable to the convenience of a large number of colonial merchants and traders, who, it is expected, will be attending the Paris exhibition in 1900, and I am therefore to invite your association to co-operate in this congress. A representative organizing committee has been formed, and at its meeting on June 7th, approved of the following list of topics as likely to afford material for discussion at the

(1) Commercial relations between the mother country and her colonies and dependencies.
(2) Intercolonial trade relations.

(3) Foreign and colonial bounties.

(4) Foreign competition.(5) Boards of labor conciliation and

arbitration.
(6) Codification of the commercial law of the Empire.
(7) Bills of exchange; uniform pro-

cedure.
(8) Bills of lading reform.

(9) Commercial education. (10) The decimal system of weights.

measures and currency.

(11) Light dues.
(12) Rallways; light railways; railway communication with India and the East.
(13) Secret commissions.

(14) Arbitration for international

(15) Imperial trademarks registra-

tion and patent laws.
(16) Cable communication; construction, rates, codes.
(17) Steamship communication; rates, subsidies, war risks, insurance.
(18) Closer connection between Government erments and Chambers of Commerce by establishment of commercial advisory or consultative councils, home and colonial.

(19) Supply of Government publications to Chambers of Commerce and mutual interchange of documents. (20) Representation of United King-dom in colonies and in other parts of the Empire for the promotion of mu-

tual trade. (21) Appointment of an Imperial Council to consider commercial questions of Imperial interest.

(22) Copyright. (23) Municipal trading. It is not intended that the foregoing list should be exhaustive of the questions to be considered by the congress, but that it should only be regarded as suggestive of suitable matters for consideration. I am therefore to request liest possible moment, whether your association approves of these subjects being brought forward, and if so (a) whether your association desires to submit any special resolutions thereon, and (b) what suggestions, if any, in Hilo," added Mr. Thompson, istence of a Chamber of Commerce or similar commercial association not included in the list, in any part of the Empire (and especially in your neigh-borhood), I am to ask you to be good enough to kindly transmit an indica-tion of its style and address to me, by an early mail, in order that the organizing committee may consider the desirability of extending an invitation to such bodies. It will materially assist the organizing committee if you will, without taking any decision as to your association bringing forward any spe cial subject or resolution before the congress, kindly inform me at your earliest convenience, and, if possible, not later than October next, as to the decision of your association in regard to this invitation to be represented at the congress. A communication of any subjects or resolutions recommended by your association can follow subse quently, upon which I shall have an opportunity of communicating further with you, although, in view of the wide distribution of the invited bod-ies, it is desirable that the organizing committee should be in possession of information as to the subjects likely to be brought forward for consideration at least three months before the meeting of the congress. I would point out that in order to add to the impor-

cial men of the mother country. I am, dear sir, yours faithfully KENRIC B. MUERAY

tance and representativeness of the

congress, it is desirable that each co-

lonial association should, as far as possible, delegate at least one or two

residential colonists to represent them, the nomination of London merchants

being, as far as possible, avoided, in order to more fully effect the object

of the congress, which is to bring into

personal contact representatives of the colonies and representative commer-

Bradford, Chief of the Bureau of of New York Tribune Equipment, and General Wilson, Chief.

directed by Congress. An unexpected and serious obstacle to the execution PHILIPPINE SUGAR of the project has been encountered in the shape of refractory real estate

Having exhausted all other proper Expert Says Industry Is methods, the officials have determined now to proceed to acquire the necessary lands through condemnation proceedings, having satisfied themselves that this can be accomplished through the Hawaiian laws as they stand today.

## Suit to Quiet Title.

L. L. McCandless has brought an action to quiet title against Samuel Andrews. Plaintiff claims he is the sevenths, undivided, of that certain ing: tract of land situate at Waianae, Island of Oahu. Defendant on the other hand claims to be the sole owner of the land and denies all title of the plaintiff therein. Plaintiff asks that the title to the said land may be quieted and that he be decreed to be the owner of two-sevenths thereof. The case goe on the November calendar.

# Hilo Boys Beaten Badly This Time

Score Was Thirteen to Three in Favor of Honolulu Team-Boys Were Well Treated

## (From Thursday's Daily.)

The steamer Helene was reported off Diamond Head about 5 o'clock last evening flying a new flag. This bore the figures "11-8, 13-3," which, being interpreted, meant that the Stars baseball team had won against the Hilo nines by the scores enumerated.

The first game has already been fully reported in these columns; the second, which was played on Saturday afternoon, was virtually a walkover they made three runs.

The teams were made up as follows:

Stars-Gorman, c; Jackson, p; Davis, 1b; Moore, 2b; Thompson, ss; Price, 3b; Holt, If; Kiley, cf; McLean, rf. Hilos-Easton, c; Brown, p; Supe 1b; Rowland, 2b; Kaimana, ss; Marshall, 3b; Brush, If; Soule, cf; Josiah

Moore and Easton were captains of the teams respectively and the umpires were Judge G. K. Wilder and I. Schoen. James H. Thompson, the shortstop of the Stars nine, said last night:

The second game was played on Saturday afternoon commencing at 2:30. The weather was delightful and there was a large crowd of spectators present. The Stars scored one each in the first, second and third, then five then three, and two more ones. The Hilo nine made their three runs in the third. The game was a very pleasant one but too one sided to be interesting.

"The Hilo nine are anxious to come to Honolulu and play a series of games but nothing definite has been decided except that they are to come some

"We have nothing but praise and on, and (b) what suggestions, it any, in Hilo, added Mr. Thompson, the you have to make as additions to the program of business? Invitations simmake our stay pleasant and we just liar to this have been forwarded to the whole of the associations whose end—barring the rain. On Saturday ilar to this have been forwarded to the whole of the associations whose names are appended hereto, and in the event of your being aware of the ex-The members of both teams were present with a few invited guests, between thirty and forty in all. It was a very enjoyable affair."

The Stars nine went on board the Helene on Sunday evening at 10:30 but did not leave Hilo until 1:30 Monday morning. At Kawaihae ninety head of cattle were taken on board for the Leper Settlement, which accounts for the steamer's tardy arrival here.

# EX-QUEEN LILIUOKALANI.

## Has Decided to Live Permanently in Washington. Paris has long been the asylum for

dethroned royalties, but her younger sister on this side of the water bids fair to rival that proud city in this regard, and has already many princesses and one queen to her credit. Liliuokalani, formerly monarch of the Sandwich Islands, has finally decided to establish herself permanently at the American capital, and, although her heart often longs for Hawaii, her Highness will spend the rest of her life in Washington, where the legis-lators of the country will occasionally hear from her regarding the wrongs she has suffered at the hands of an un grateful country and through the con-

royal prerogatives without a struggle, and still insists upon the ceremony that surrounded her when she was on the throne. No one is allowed to sit when she is in the room until he receives a signal from her to do so; she is invariably addressed by her attendants and friends as "Your Majesty"; those who neglect this title being an-PEARI. HARBOR LANDS. grily reproached for so doing, and everyone is expected to back from her presence.—Washington correspondence

# Hazardous Now,

Litutenan: John Koster Denies That He Mace an lovestigation in Mani a for Claus Sprecke s.

The "American," published at Manila August 14, contained the follow-

Claus Spreckels, the "Sugar King," contemplates investing some of his surplus capital in the Philippines, and the commencement of operations on his part is likely to stir up things commercially. Spreckels' investments will probably be influenced by the report which Lieutenant John A. Koster, the Adjutant of the California Heavy Artillery, takes bome with him. Lieutenant Koster's father, John L. Koster, a well known millionaire of San Francisco, is largely interested in the enterprises of which Spreckels is the head, and their partnership has been in existence over thirty years. Both the senior Koster and his son are very close friends of the big sugar manufacturer, and Spreckels places great confidence in Lieutenant Koster's judgment.

It is stated that one of the first schemes which Spreckels may engage in is the erection of a mammoth ice factory and cold storage warehouse in or near Manila. During the time he was stationed in Cavite Lieutenant Koster figured considerably on this undertaking, and looked around not a little for the best available location. No contracts have been let, nor is it positively known that the site has been purchased, but if the plans already formulated materialize, it is thought that the projected ice factory and cold storage plant will be laid before next cebruary.

It is also probable that Spreckels will be interested in the proposed line for the Honolulu boys, the Hilo nine of steamships from San Francisco to only scoring in the third innings, when Manila.

Lieutenant Koster said recently: "I did not represent Mr. Spreckels in any capacity while I was in the Philippines, but I made casual inquiries into several business propositions. My father wrote me to watch for good business opportunities, and I did so.

"I found nothing enticing in sugar prospects and in fact came to the conclusion that the industry would be too hazardous to undertake. There are however, many good chances in Manila for business men who have or can control a moderate amount of capital.

"Mr Spreckels knew all about sugar prospects in all the South Sea Islands long before the war broke out, and he had no occasion to seek further information. The article in the "American" is a surmise based on a casual remark that Mr. Spreckels might invest in the islands if good prospects were in sight. I have not made any reports on anything to anybody."

# A NEW PLANTATION.

The Island of Oahu is to have another sugar plantation and it is to be located near the present one at Waialua. It is understood that a deal of some magnitude, of which the establishment of this new plantation will be the outcome, was closed last week. The deal includes the transfer of the Waialua leaseholds held by John Emmeluth, which have been freely mentioned of late, and also the Holt Estate property. As understood, the actual ownership of the property has changed from one or two parties represented originally by Mr. Emmeluth to a syndicate organized by Dr. A. E. Nichols. A formal transfer from Mr. Emmelsth has not been maas shown by the records, but it is said that in a short time the property will be conveyed direct to the corporation that will actually take it over from the syndicate.

Over 2,000 acres have already been cleared ready for the steam plows which are ordered and are to be de-livered in January. Meanwhile more than one hundred acres have plowed and the planting of cane for seed is being rapidly pushed.

This proposition will not be floated in the usual way, but will be handled as a close corporation.

# CHRONIC DIARRHOEA CURED.

This is to certify that I have had nivance of Uncle San.

Queen "Lil," as she is irreverently I got so weak I could hardly walk or called here, has not surrendered her do anything. One bottle of Chamberchronic diarrhoea ever since the war. hin's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me sound and well.

J. R. GIBBS, Fineastle, Va. I had chronic diarrhoea for twelve Three bottles of Chambelain's Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy Colle,

S. L. SHAVER, Pincastic, Va. Both Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Shaver are prominent farmers and reside near Fincastle, Va. They procured the remedy from Mr. W. E. Casper, a druggist of that place, who is well ac-



With clean, wholesome Scalp, free from itching, bleeding, and scaly eruptions, produced by warm shampoos with Curicuna Soap, and frequent dressings with Curi-CURA, greatest of emollicits and purest of skin cures. This treatment clears the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated and itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, nourishes the roots and makes the hair thick, soft, and glossy.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. Newsgay & Song, London. Payres Days and Care, Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. app. How to Produce Luxuriant Rain, a 64 age took, port Free.

# California Fertilizer Works

Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal. Factosite: Eouth San Francisco and Berkeley, Cat. J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

..... DFALERS IN.....

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constartly on hand the following good adapt d to the island trade: HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA.

HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH, FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order-The manures manufactured by the California Fertilizes. Works are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid. Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts.

No adult ration of any kind is used, and every ton is soid under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Fure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the California Fertilizer Works is the lest possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

# C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

# Ship Chandlery. Do You Ever Need Any?

We have all sizes of Manila Rope up to 61 in. Sisal Rope to 2 in. Wire Ropes to 4 in. Seizing Wire, Marlin, Spunyarn, Houseline, Hambroline, Ratline, and lots of other Lines even to Cod Line and Lead Lines.

All sorts of galvanized ship and boat hardware such as Cleats, Chocks, Rowlocks, Turnbuckles, Shackles, Ringbolts, Eyebolts, Chains and Anchors, Lead for keels and Trucks for mast heads and about everything that is needed between these two points

**Can Be Found At** E. O. HALL & SON -LIMITED.-

of Engineers, have been consulting respecting the improvement of Pearl Harpecting the improvement of Pearl Harbor, Hawait, with a view to the establishment of a naval station there, as chemist's, 60 cents.

Hives are a terrible torment to the quainted with them and will vouch for the truth of their statements. For sale possess, Smith & Co., Ltd., wholesale agents for If. 1., and all druggists and dealers.

READ THE ADVERTISER

INSURANCE.

# Theo. H. Davies & Co.

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

# Northern Assurance Company.

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836. Accumulated Funds .... £3,975,000.

# British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE. Capital .....£1,000,000

Reduction of Rates. Immediate Payment of Claims,

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD. AGENTS

## J. S. WALKER. General Agent Hawn, Isl.

# ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.:

ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENER-AL INSURANCE CO.; WILHELMA OF MADGEBURG IN-SURANCE CO.;

SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL UNION.

Room 12, Spreckels Block.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most rea-sonable rates and on the most favor-

able terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,
General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea. River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms. F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks Capital their reinsurance

6,000,000 companies ...... 101,650,660 Total reichsmarks ..... 107,650,000

## North German Fire Insurance Co-OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks. Capital their reinsurance 8,890,000

35,000,000 Total reichsmarks ..... 43,830,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Ha-waiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited.

# North British & Mercantile Insurance Go

TOTAL FUNDS AT SIST DECEMBER, 1808, £13,959,969. 

2,745,459 7 11 2,745,459 7 11 10,507,009 17 11 £13,989,969 5 10 £2,954,798 6 11

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO. Agents for the Hawaiian Islands



# SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday, September 19. Am. schr. Winslow, F. S. Birkholm

tmr. Lehua, Bennett, 6 hrs. from

Molokai Wednesday, September 20.

Bktn. W. H. Dimond, Nelson, from San Francisco, September 1: 44 horses and mules, gen. mdse. to W. G. Irwin Stmr. Ke Au Hou, from Eleele, Sept

Stmr. Helene, Weisbarth, from Ha-makua ports via Kalaupapa, with cat-tle for the Settlement. Stmr. Mokolii, Dower, 8 hrs. from

Thursday, September 21. Stmr. Lehua, Parker, 61/2 hrs. from Kaunakakai.

Am. schr. A. J. West, Olgilvie, from Gray's Harbor with lumber.

Am. bk. Abbey Palmer, Uhlberg, from Newcastle, July 26: 2,860 tons coal to Alexander & Baldwin.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, 13 hrs Stmr. Waialeale, Greene, 16 hrs. from Hanamaulu.

## SAILED FROM HONOLULU.

Tuesday, September 19. Stmr. Maui, Macdonald, Kahului. Stmr. Claudine, Freeman, Hilo. Schr. Lady, Martin, Koolau

Jap. stmr. Nippon Maru, J. F. Allen, China and Japan. Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, Lahaina. Stmr. Mikabala, Pederson, Maka

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, Na-Am. schr. Eric. Roos, Port Townsend.

Wednesday, September 20. Kilohana, Thompson, Eleele. Lehua, Parker, Kaunakakai, Stmr Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, Waimanalo

Waialua, Nelson, Hanalei. Concord, Sam Mana, Paaullo, M. Moore, Schr. lumber and gen. mdse. Stmr. Iwalani, Thompson, Honokaa.

Thursday, September 21. bkt. Amelia, Willer, Puget Sound, in ballast. Am. schr. Wm. F. Witzemann, Bu-

tenshon, Port Townsend, in ballast. Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, Eleele. Stmr. Noeau, Wyman, Lahaina. Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, Kihel. Stmr. Mokolii, Dower, Kalaupapa.

## SAILING TODAY.

For Kona and Kau, touching at Lahaina, Maalaea (this day), Kailua, Hookena, Kaawaloa, Keauhou, Honuapo, Punaluu (Volcano route), and Naalehu-Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerse leaves Fort street wharf at 10 a. m. Simerson.

# VESSELS EXPECTED.

Due in September.
R. P. Rithet, Haw. bk S. F
Honoipu, Am. sch S. F
Roderick Dhu, Haw. bk S. F
Consuelo, Am. bgS. F
Amy Turner, Am. bk S. F
Ceylon, Am. bk
Transit, Am. sch
W. G. Irwin, Am. bg
Lurline, Am. bg S. F
Marey E. Foster, Am. bk S. F
C. D. Bryant, Am. bk S. F
Colusa, Am. bk
Kinfauns, Br. bkLondo
Albany, Ger. bk
Chas, E. Moody, Am. ship Norfol
Louis, Am. schNitrate port
Omega, Am. bktn Nitrate Pts
McNear, Am. bk Laysan Isl
City of Adelaide, Br. bk Newcastl
King Arthur, Br. ship Newcast!
Biairmore, Br. ship Newcastl
H. D. Bendixon, Am. sch Pt Blakele
Golden Gale, m. sch Eurek
Allen A., Am. sch Eurek
Mary Dodge, Am. sch Eurek
Klikitat, Am. bkt Pt. Gambl
Nokomis, Am. sch Pt. Gambl
J. B. Leeds, Am. schr Gray's Harbo
Due in October.
Iolani Cam ble at at

Iolani, Haw. bk. ..........New York County Merioneth, Br. bk. ..Liverpool Mary Winkleman, Am. bk. ..Newcastle Due in November.

Paul Isenberg, Ger. bk.Newcastle, Eng. Onaway, Am. bk. New York Holywood, Br. bk. Antwerp Nuuanu, Haw. bk. New York Due in December. Henry B. Hyde, Am. sh .. Conway Castle, Br. bk. .... Liverpool

Poseidon, Br. sh. .....Liverpool

## NOTICE TO SHIPMASTERS. U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office,

San Francisco, Cal. By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco. captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observafections suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the

which they frequent. Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

C. G. CALKINS,
Lieut. Comdr., U.S.N., in Charge.

dangers to navigation in the waters

Ship "George Curtis" Company has been incorporated in California to transact a general shipping and transportation business. Place of business, San Francisco. Directors-O. M. Vesper, Oakland; W. H. Marston, Berkeley; James Greig, Alameds; and W. A. Wilson and William Alexander, San Prancisco, Capital stock, \$64,000, all subscribed.

# PASSENGERS.

Arrived From Lahaina, per stmr. Mauna Loa, September 19.—W. Kua, Mr. Walau, Mrs. Sherman, Mrs. T. C. Wills, Miss. Irene Wills, Miss W. Marcos, Mr. Ein-buck, L. Walau, D. Al and wife, C. M.

Schr. Kauikeaouil, Iaina, from Eleele.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from
Kau, Kona and Lahaina, Sept. 19: 9410 bags sugar, 42 bags coffee, 28 head cattle, 33 bdls. hides, 9 hogs, 4,481
pkgs, sundries.

Dack, L. Walau, D. Al and wife, C. M.
Kamakauniwoole, S. Lazaro, Rev. Gulick, Rev. Leadingham, Rev. Lono, J.
Nahale, Miss Nahale, Miss Leoni Wills,
T. Shibayama, Tom Ryan, Tom Silva,
Mrs. Cockett and son, G. Smithles, M.
du Rego, C. H. Chong and 79 deck passengers.

Sept. 21.-D. Center and wife, Auld, Mr. McCorriston.

From Hawaii ports, per stmr. Hetene, Sept. 19.—A. H. Moore, J. P. Gorman, P. Soule, J. A. Thompson, Toyo Jackson, T. Price, A. C. Davis, C. Holt, F. M. Kiley, W. McLean, A. H. Belliston, 4 deck passengers.

From Kapaa, per stmr. James Ma-kee, Sept. 21.—J. Foster, Mrs. Anului and child, and 12 deck.

From Hanamaulu, per stmr. Waia-leale, Sept. 21.—Miss Mary Rice and 2

## Departed.

For Kahului and way ports, per stmr. Maui, September 19.—Kahului— S. Ahmi, Y. Kan, Kealoha, D. B. Mur-S. Ahmi, Y. Kan, Kealoha, D. B. Murdoch, R. Lowrie, Mr. Chickeryng, P. Kahokuoluna, M. Brasch, D. Petty, Miss E. Hart, Mrs. E. B. Carley, A. Adams, A. Chew, W. A. Henshall, Wong Kwai, C. M. Hin, J. M. Kaneakua. Hana—Loo Joe, Mrs. Self. Kipahulu—Mrs. T. Kalaau, Mrs. J. Papala, Keanae—D. W. Napihaa and wife, Mrs. W. Mitcheck, Mrs. Mrs. C. H. W. Hitcheck. Warne, Hilo-C. H. W. Hitchcock. For Hilo and way ports, per stmr.

Claudine, September 19.—H. McMillan and wife, Mrs. A. J. Smithies, 2 children and servant, Bishop of Panopolis, J. Willcock, F. J. Williams, H. C. Rick, J. Scriven, J. M. Lydgate and wife, A. A. Braginer, D. B. Murdock, W. T. Robinson, G. Brand, Dr. Galbraith, F. S. Lyman and wife, R. D. Moler, I. A. Burgett, B. E. Frieund, Miss Cockett, Miss Walker, Miss Bar-nard, Mrs. Medeiros, D. S. Kahooka-no, Zakalia Pookiki, T. H. Gibson, H. Moet, J. Burk, M. Matt, J. W. Hall, Mrs. Snow, Mrs. Hitchcock, S. Wright, J. S. McCandless

For Japan and China, per stmr. Nip-pon Maru, September 19.-T. A. Barnett, wife and daughter, F. von Aenhausen, Mrs. E. S. Babcock, Mrs. Y.

For Waimea, per stmr. Mikahala, September 19.—Miss A. Blorkstadt, A. McBryde.

For Kauai, per stmr. W. G. Hall, September 19.—Julian Monsarrat, S. Murphy, Mrs. M. K. Nivan, J. H. K. Kainu, Mrs. Smith and child, M. Rosenblett, S. H. Comstock.

For Eleele, per stmr. Ke Au Hou. Sept. 21.—E. Wodehouse. BOOKED.

For San Francisco, per stmr. America Maru, September 19.—Dr. and Mrs. John Dewey and daughter, Flora J. Cooke, G. Goodacre, Mrs. Goodacre, Geneveye Goodacre, R. E. Maynard, Dr. and Mrs. Miner and daughter, G. A. Martin, Mrs. J. J. Talbot, Mrs. W. J. White, Mrs. J. Sutherland, Mr. Ciapp, M. M. Kohn, Archibald MacKillop, E. E. Manheim, L. H. Nutting and wife, Mr. Baldwin, G. A. Davis, Mrs. L. F. Prescott and child, A. S. Cleghorn, G. Macfarlane.

For Lahaina, Kona and Kau, stmr. Mauna Loa, sailing September 22.—Albert Raas and wife, Mr. St. Goar and wife, Miss Blum, B. F. Dillingham, L. A. Thurston, E. O. White, J. M. McChesney, Dr. McWayne, C. Castendyk, Mrs. J. Sherman, Miss Wills, Mrs. Wills, Wm. Kua and wife, Mrs. J. W. Pickard, Mrs. K. Aina.

# VESSELS IN PORT.

# ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. tug Iroquois, Pond, Walmea, August 15. Br. cr. Egeria, Smyth, cruise, September 17.

MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.) Br. bk. Antiope, Murray, Iquique, July Am. schr. Inca, Rasmussen, Tacoma.

August 25. Haw. bk. Andrew Welch, Drew, San Francisco, August 28. Am. sh. Charmer, Davis, Nanaimo, Au-

gust 30. Haw sh. Helen Brewer, Mahany, New York September 1. Am bk Louisiana, Halcrow, Newcastle, September 1.

Am. yacht Norna, Weaver, Yokohama, September 3. Am. bk. Obed Baxter, Sweeney, New York, September 7. Am. schr. C. S. Holmes, Johnson, Port Gamble, September 7.

Ger. sp. Marie Hackfeld, Wuhrmann, Hamburg, September 10. Am. sh. Yosemite, Anderson, Newcastle, September 12. Am. bk. Alden Besse, Potter, San Fran-

cisco, September 12. Am. bk. Martha Davis, McAlman, San Francisco, September 12. Haw. bk. Foohng Suey, Willett, New

York, September 12. Am. bk. Coalinga, Evans, New York, September 13. Haw, bk. Diamond Head, Ward, San Francisco, September 13. Am. bkt. Uncle John, Henningsen.

Eureka, September 13. Br. stmr. Victoria, Biakie, London, September 13. Am. bkt. S. G. Wilder, Jackson, San Francisco, September 14.

bk. Annie Johnson, Nelson, San Francisco, September 17. schr. Olga, Ipsen, Tacoma, September 18.

Am. schr. Winslow, Birkholm, Townsend, September 18. Am. bkt. W. H. Dimond, Vilson, San Francisco, September 20. Am. bk. Abbey Palmer, Uhiberg, Newcastle, September 21.

The bark Passe Partout, Daily Commercial News of Sydney, has had a unique experience. It appears that the ship's copper sheathing had been pierced by a swordfish during the passage from Goole to Gottenburg, she put into Kragero leaking, when part of the sword was found embedded in her planking.

## WHARF AND WAVE.

The ship Antiope may be sold to a Hawaiian hui. The ship Charmer sails for Puget

Sound next week A schooner for the inter-island trade is expected from the Coast this month. will ply between Molokal

Mauna Loa, and Louis Reynolds takes his position on the Kauai.

The bark Abbey Palmer, coal-laden from Newcastle, anchored in the stream late last evening. The Abbey Palmer was formerly the British ship Blairmore, which turned turtle in San Francisco bay some years ago, imprisoning and drowning several seamen She was repaired and given an Ameri can register.

Under date of August 28, the Newcastle coal circular announces the de-parture of one vessel for Kihel, H. I., the American schooner Mary Kinkelman sailed thence on August 26 with 770 tons Duckenfield coal, under home charter. The American ship Great Admiral, 1,402 tons, is loading at the co-operative colliery for Honolulu un-der home charter. The British ship Errol, 1,387 tons, is loading Greta coal Errol, 1,387 tons, is loading Greta coal for Wilder & Co., and the British ship Dominion, 1,214 tons, is loading co-operative coal for Wm. G. Irwin & Co. The following are the approximate rates of freight: Hongkong, 15s; Ma-nila, 15s; Singapore (steam), 18s; Mauritius, 18s 6d; San Francisco, 15s; San Diego, 19s; Honolulu, 17s; Valna-San Diego, 19s; Honolulu, 17s; Valpa-ralso, f.o., 15s; Mazatlan, 20s; Guaya quil, 20s; Acapulco, 18s 6d; Panama

The United States cruiser Marble head, which is now on the Coast, may come to Honolulu in the near future The Marblehead is a sister ship to the Detroit and Montgomery and was built at Boston in 1892. She has speed of 17 knots and is a good, handy essel. During the war with Spain she was principally employed in bom barding small places on the coast of Cuba. The officers of the cruiser are Commander H. G. O. Colby, Lieutenant Commander J. A. Nickells, Lleu tenants E. S. Willets, C. F. William and W. G. Bretherton, Passed Assist ant Surgeon S. G. Evans, Passed As sistant Paymaster H. A. Dent, Nava Cadets W. P. Cromar and R. B. White and Pay Clerk W. P. Atwell. She car ries a crew of 218 men.

The American barkentine W. H. Di mond, with general cargo and a deck load of live stock, arrived in port yes terday morning, and, after discharging the horses and mules off the deck went out in the stream, where she will remain about a week awaiting a berth. "But why should the vessels from San Francisco complain," said a wealthy plantation man the other day.
"They keep our sugar cargoes in the stream at San Francisco although we are quite as anxious to get them disharged and get returns from them as they are now to get their cargoes discharged at this port. There is a good deal of buncombe about this harbor being crowded. Busy scaports all the world over have times when their wharves are unable to accommodate all the shipping seeking berths. As it is there is no other prominent port in the world where vessels have as quick a despatch as in this very port, barring modern facilities for dis-

ice which was inaugurated some three same will be forever barred. or four months back. It will be re-membered that the New Zealanders were very much put out at the service being transferred to Queensland and their colony left out altogether. W have been congratulating ourselves a the prospects of trade relations with Canada which the tri-weekly calling of these steamers held out, and now the news that the New Zealand Ship ping Company has purchased the goodwill and contracts of the line comes upon us somewhat in the nature of a shock. The steamers Miowera, Aorangi and Warrimoo, with which we are now becoming well acquainted, are to go with the purchase. The New Zea land Shipping Company, of course, un-dertakes to fulfill existing contract to the end of the stipulated period. We may, however, take it for granted that all things being equal, New Zealand will be given the preference over Queensland should the former desire a renewal of her previous communication with Canada. The time of the contract, although only just started. will not be long in running out. It is to be hoped, then, that our trade with our Canadian friends will have grown to such an extent that its discontinu ance will mean not only a loss to our selves but also to the company should it so decide. Another point also is that in this matter it will place us, as a portion of a federated Australia at the mercy of a colony which seems to be desirous of placing itself deliber ately outside the union of the Australasian colonies.-Queenslander, August 26.

# NIGHT SIGNALS,

## To be Used by the Gladys and La Paloma.

The following night signals have een arranged for the race between the Gladys and La Paloma on Saturday. La Paloma will fire one gun and send up one rocket; Gladys will fire two gons and send up two rockets on arrival at Lahaina. The same signals will be used at the spar buoy off the sale at all seasons from the following flonointu harbor if it is reached in the varieties: night on the return trip. The time of Am. schr. A. J. West, Ogilvie, Gray's the yachts' arrival to be taken when Harbor, September 21. the signals are fired.

# BORN.

KARRETTI-In this city, Sept. 19, 1899, to the wife of Geo. H. Karrettt, a son.

FRENCH At Klinues, Kaus), Sept. 18 1899, to the wife of Dr. T. T. French. n non.

# TOMORROW'S YACHT RACE.

The Helene May Go Along Just for Pastime.

it is not generally understood that Gladys to Lahaina and return is not a George Goodacre, resigned. free for all, but such is the case, the race being a private one between these W. K. Simerson, formerly purser of two yachts and the result of consider-the Kauai, is now freight clerk of the able good-humored banter between the owners. Mr. Whitney was anxious to come in on the proposition with the Helene, but both Mr. Macfarlane and Mr. Hobron objected, although both have expressed a willingness to give him a chance as soon as their re spective claims are definitely decided

It is quite possible that the Helene will make the trip at the same time as the others, even though she is not off cially in the race, and should this be done, she can be depended upon to give a good account of herself. The Koloa Water Works, vice George Helene surprised nearly everyone by the showing she made last Saturday, and It is very evident that the changes recently made in her spars and rig have greatly increased both her speed and sea-going qualities.

With the number of yachts here and under the finest yachting conditions in the world, there should be a good race at least once a month and try-outs every week. Yachting is truly a royal sport, and, with awakening interest would come new and faster boats.

The schooner Endeavor and barken tine Klikitat, sailing from Port Townsend September 10 for Honolulu. in for a race. Captain Cutler and Captain McAllep have made up a wager and every stitch of canvas will be spread on the way down.

The Call says: "It appears now that the North Star is in reality three stars. It speaks volumes for the sobriety of astronomers that this fact had not been suspected long ago.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Robert Grieve, deceased, hereby notifies all creditors of said Robert Grieve to present their claims, duly authenticated and with proper vouchers, if any exist, (even if the claim is secured by mortgage upon real estate) to the undersigned at his office on Queen street, in Honolulu, within six months from date hereof, same will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make im-

mediate payment to the undersigned.

JAMES L. M'LEAN,
Administrator of the Estate of Robert Grieve, Deceased

## Honolulu, Sept. 5, 1899. 5329

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been appointed administrator of the estate of Edward Dowsett, hereby notifies all creditors of said Edward Dowsett to present their claims duly au-thenticated and with proper vouchers, if any exist, (even if the claim is se charging and loading vessels, which cured by mortgage upon real estate) to indeed is no fault of the harbor itself." the undersigned at the office of the There is rather a disquieting cable Hawalian Trust & Investment Compublished today with regard to the pany, Fort street, Honolulu, within six new Queensland-Canadian mail serv-months from the date hereof, or the

GEORGE R. CARTER. Administrator of the Estate of Edward Dowsett, Deceased. 2103-5tF Honolulu, Aug. 25, 1899.

# NOTICE.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Awini Coffee, Fruit & Stock Co., Ltd., held July 22, 1899, the following officers were elected for ensuing year: Robert Laing ....... President W. V. Rodenhurst ... Sec. and Treas. Geo. P. Tulloch ...... Auditor

W. V. RODENHURST,

# TRESPASS NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS FOUND TRESPASS ing on any lands belonging to or in the possession of E. C. Greenwell without permission will be prosecuted. Kealakekua, Hawaii, Aug. 28, 1899. E. C. GREENWELL.

# CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S York

Ship "St. Katherine" will sail from New York for Honolulu October 1.

For freight apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby street, Boston, or CHAS. BREWER & CO., Ltd.,



PURE BRED Fowls and Eggs for

English Grey Dorking, Black Minorea, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Buff Leghorn, Brown Leghorn, White Leg-horn, Pekin Ducks and Bronze Tur-

I am constantly in receipt of new importations from the best known atrains. Esgs properly packed and fowls well

Prices furnished on application. WALTER C. WEEDON, ... Eastlews, Punahou. Honolule H. L.

# SY AUINUKILI

E. E. CONANT, ESQ., has this day been appointed a chairman for the Kothe race between La Paloma and the loa Road Board, Island of Kauat, vice

> JAS. A. KING. Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Sept. 19, 1899. 2109-3t

GEO. H. BAILEY, ESQ., HAS THIS day been appointed a Commissioner of Private Ways and Water Rights for the District of Makawao, Island of will and hearing said application, when Maui, vice A. F. Tavares, resigned. J. A. KING.

Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Sept. 12, 1899. 2107-3t

H. BLAKE, ESQ., HAS THIS DAY been appointed Superintendent of the Goodacre, resigned. J. A. KING.

Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Sept. 15, 1899. 2108-30

ISLAND OF OAHU. CITY OF HONGLULE SA THE BANKING ACT OF 1884.

Return Pursuant to Section 14 of Said

each duly sworn, depose and say, that said corporation is about to commence number of shares issued is Seven Thousand Five Hundred; that an assessment to the amount of Sixty-six and two-thirds per cent per share has been made, under which the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars has been received; that the corporation owes no lebts as it has not yet commenced doing business.

Signed) CECIL BROWN, President. W. G. COOPER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2d day of September, 1899. ALEX. ST. M. MACKINTOSH. Notary Public, First Judicial Circuit.

THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—AT CHAMBERS; IN

the Matter of the Estate of Mary Ann Caroline Dickenson, late of Lahaina, Maul, Deceased Intestate. -Before Judge J. W. Kalua. Order of Notice of Petition for Administration.

On reading and filing the petition of L. M. Baldwin, of Wailuku, Maul, alleging that M. A. C. Dickenson, of Lanaina. Maui, died intestate at Lahaina. Maul, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1899, leaving property in the Hawalian Islands necessary to be administered upon, and praying that letters of administration issue to Henry Dick-

It is ordered that Thursday, the 19th day of October, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the courtroom of this court at Walluku, Maui, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Walluku, Sept. 18, 1899. By the Court: JAS. N. K. KEOLA Clerk of Circuit Court, Second Circuit.

2109-3tF IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

the Matter of the Estate of A. K. Sylva, late of Honolulu, Oahu. On reading and filing the petition of J. P. Mendonca, Administrator, pray-ing for an order of sale of all dece-dent's undivided interests in certain real estate situate at Auwaiolimu, Honolulu, Oahu; Kamananui, Waialua, Oahu; Hoaeae, Ewa, Oahu; and Paukauwila, Waialua, Oahu; and setting forth certain legal reasons why such

eal estate should be sold, It is hereby ordered that the next of kin of the said decedent and all persons interested in the said estate, appear before this court on Monday, the 23d day of October, A. D., 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the courtroom of his court, in Honolulu, Oahu, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the sale of

such estate, Dated, Honolulu, H. I., Sept. 18, 1899. By the Court: P. D. KELLETT, JR.,

2109-3tF IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN

ISLANDS. in the Matter of the Estate of Maria ceased Intestate.

On reading and filing the petition of W. F. Kane, husband of said intestate of Lahaina, alleging that Maria Kane, of said Lahaina, died intestate at the Island of Molokal on the 27th day of August, 1899, leaving property in the Fggs for Halching. Hawaiian islands necessary to be administered upon anda praying that let-ters of administration issue to him, said W. F. Kane,

It is ordered that Thursday, the 5th day of October, 1899, at 10 o'clock a m. be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the courtroom of this court at Walluku, Maui, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should

ot be granted. Dated, Wailuku, Maui, Sept. 2, 1899, By order of the Judge of the Circuit Court of the Second Circuit. HENRY SMITH.

Clerk Judiciary Department. 2105-3tP

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST JU-DICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE HA-WAIIAN ISLANDS.—IN PRO-

the Matter of the Estate of John Henry Bruns, late of Honolulu,

The last will and testament of said eceased having been presented to said court, together with a petition for the probate thereof, and for the issuance of letters testamentary to Marie Bruns, having been filed, notice is hereby giv-en that Friday, October 13th, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Judiclary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for proving said and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition

should not be granted. Honolulu, Sept. 12, 1899. By the Court:

GEORGE LUCAS, 2107-3tF

NOTICE OF THE EXECUTOR OF THE LAST WILL AND TESTA-MENT OF HAKUOLE (k) OF HONOLULU, OAHU, DE-CEASED.

By virtue of the power I received from the Last Will and Testament of Hakuole (k) of Kakasko, Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Hawaiian Islands, admitted to probate before Justice Anto-nio Perry, First Circuit Judge of the First Judicial Circuit, in Probate, no-Cecil Brown, president, and W. G. First Judicial Circuit, in Probate, no-Cooper, cashier, of "The First Ameri-tice is hereby given to all creditors of can Bank of Hawaii, Limited," being the said Hakuole (k), deceased, to present their claims duly authenticated within six months from the date divided into Ten Thousand Shares of debted to the said Hakuole (k) to number of shares issued to Bound dersigned, or legal proceedings will be instituted in the courts against them

to recover the same. Present all claims and make all payments at J. K. Kahookano's office, attorney for the estate of the deceased, on Kaahumanu street, No. 15, Hono-2101-5tF lulu.

J. PAANIANI, Executor of the Will of Hakuole.

# Guardian's Sale

RealEstate

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the Hon. W. L. Stanley, Second Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Judicial Circuit, Hawaiian Islands, made and entered on the 5th day of September, 1899, in the matter of the estate of August Podeyn, Frederick Podeyn and Waldemar Podeyn, minors, in Probate, at Chambers, the undersigned guardian of the estate of said minors will expose for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash the real estate belonging to said minors, hereinafter de-scribed, at the salesroom of Jas. F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu,

# On Saturday, September 23, '99

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

The property to be sold consists of part of Lot No. 362 on Pilkol street, in Honolulu, Oahu, and commencing on Piikol street on the makai corner of Lishman's Lot and running 100 feet, thence at right angles in a southerly direction 100 feet, thence at right angles in a northeasterly direction 100 feet, and thence 100 feet to the point of beginning, being the same premises conveyed to C. F. Wolfe by Royal Patent No. 3269 from the Hawaiian Government, and by the said C. F. Wolfe conveyed to Ida Podeyn on the 2d day of April, 1886, all as will more fully appear by reference to the deed of C. F. Wolfe, recorded in the Rigister Office in said Honolulu, liber 99, page 191, together with the dwelling house and other buildings and erections

standing thereon. Terms cash, in United States gold coin; deeds at expense of purchaser, and sale subject to confirmation by the

For further particulars apply to WM. A. HENSHALL, Attorney for said Guardian, or to J. F. MORGAN, Auc-J. F. HUMBURG.

court.

# Guardian Estate of August, Frederick and Waldemar Podeyn, Minors. Honolulu, Sept. 5, 1899. 2105-5t Metropolitan Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST. HONOLULU, H. I.

Kaae (formerly Mrs. Edwin Jones) Shipping and Family of Lahaina, Island of Maul, De-Butchers. NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides. Skins and Tallow. Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.



AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.